Unit 7: How was your weekend

(1)New Vocabulary:

adventure	مغامرة	swimming pool	حمام سباحه
really	حقاً	exclaim	يتعجب
storm	عاصفة	order	ترتيب
sink	يغوص	thought	تفكير
nearby	قريب	opinion	رأي
bowling	رياضة البولنج	decide	يقرر
Bowling alley	صالة البولينج	decision	قرار
aquarium	متحف مائي	add	يضيف
weekend	نهاية الأسبوع	option	اختيار
canteen	كانتين	activities	أنشطة
wheel	عجلة	frightened	خائف
exhibition	معرض	challenge	تحدي
dolphin	دولفين	solution	حل
stars	نجوم	friendly	ودود
birthday	عيد ميلاد	nervous	عصبي
diary	يوميات	olives	زيتون
include	يشمل	pepper	فلفل
fantastic	رائع	fun	متعة
area	منطقة	musician	موسيقار
whiteboard	سبورة	doodles	رسومات
classical	كلاسيك	haircut	قص شعر
type	نوع	alone	بمفرده
trumpet	بوق	coconut	جوزة
planetarium	قبة سماوية	stadium	استاد
traditional	تقليدي	cave	كهف
sports centre	مركز رياضي	jungle	غابة
funfair	الملاهي	barbecue	شواء
island	جزيرة	windy	عاصف
terrible	فظيع	musical	موسيقي
interview	مقابلة	instrument	آلة
although	مع ان	hope	أمل

(2)Definitions:

sailor	someone who works on a boat or ship
aquarium	a building where people can go to see fish and other water creatures
beach	an area of sand and small stones beside the sea
Bowling alley	a building where people can go bowling
stadium	a large sports ground surrounded by rows of seats
funfair	a noisy outdoor event where you can ride on machines.
planetarium	a building representing the sky at night with moving images of the planets
sink	to go down below the surface of water
terrible	very unpleasant ; making you feel very unhappy / very bad
jungle	an area of tropical forest where trees grow very thickly
cave	a large hole in the side of a mountain
coconut	the large nut of a tropical tree called a coconut palm
alone	not with other people

(3) Reading Text

Adam's diary

Sunday 8th May

Yesterday our family moved to our new house in Alexandria. It took three hours to drive from our old house in Cairo.

Monday 9th May

This morning, Mum and I went shopping to buy a new school uniform for me.I hope students are friendly in my new school!

Tuesday 10th May

Today I went to my new school.I was quite nervous, but I sat next to a boy called Sami and he was friendly.We had lunch together in the school canteen

Monday 16th May

What a fantastic weekend! I went to Sami s house on Saturday and we played football in the park.I don’t usually like football, but all his brothers wanted to play. It was a lot of fun! On Sunday, Mum helped me with my homework.Then Dad and I went to the sports centre.It is great, there is a really big swimming pool

Robinson Crusoe

Robinson Crusoe is an adventure story

by Daniel Defoe.

Robinson Crusoe was a sailor. One day his ship sank because there was a really terrible storm. Crusoe swam to a nearby island, but there were no other people I there. Crusoe wrote a diary of what happened to him on the island.

18th December

I arrived on the island four days ago. Today I walked along the beach again, but I saw nobody and I think I am alone. This afternoon I found a dead fish and ate it but it was not nice. Although I am hungry, I don t want to eat I another dead fish!

19th December

I found a coconut on the beach today. It was delicious. It rained last night and I was cold and wet, so today I went to look for a cave. I want a warm place to sleep. I walked through a jungle and there were some rocks, but no caves.

20th December I found a cave!!

Dalia's diary

Today was a terrible day! My baby brother woke me up at 5 am! I am so tired now. I went to the kitchen for breakfast but we had no milk or bread. So Mum asked me to go to the shop but it was closed because it was only 6.30 am!

Then I tried to do my maths homework but I lost all my work because my laptop stopped working.Although we planned to have a barbecue in the afternoon, it was very windy.We could not have it! I hope tomorrow is a better day!

(4)Language Notes:

1- sound صوت **voice صوت**

2- jazz موسيقي الجاز **rock موسيقي روك** **pop موسيقي شعبي**

3- quiet هادي **quite تماماً**

The weather is quiet .

The match is quite interesting

4- stop / enjoy+ v + ing

He enjoys the film.

Doaa stopped eating sweets.

5- Although بالرغم من

Although he is poor , he is happy

They went out although it rained

6- because لان

He is sad because he is poor

7- but لكن

He is clever but he can't answer

8- It takes / took + مده زمنيه+ to + المصدر

It took three hours to drive from our old house in Cairo.

9-go / went + v- ing

(shopping – swimming – running – walking – diving ……………..etc)

Exercises on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- I like ……………, but it is difficult to open them!
a) alone b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

2- My grandfather was a ……………….and visited countries all over the world.
a) terrible b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

3- Do you like working with other people, or do you prefer to work……………?
a) alone b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

4- I didn't like this story. I thought the writing was ………………..
a) terrible b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

5- Do you think this glass bottle will………………….in the water?
a) alone b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

6- Crusoe ate …………..on the island. It was very nice.
a) alone b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

7- When you put a stone in water, it will ……………..
a) alone b) coconuts c) sailor d) sink

8- Let's go on the big wheel at the ………….. this weekend!
a) funfair b) coconuts c) stadium d) planetarium

9- I loved the fish, but I didn't see any whales at the …………….
a) aquarium b) coconuts c) stadium d) planetarium

10- It was great at the football……………….My team won 2-0!
a) funfair b) coconuts c) stadium d) planetarium

11-I saw a lot of fish at the …………..
a) museum b) temple c) aquarium d) sports centre

12- Did you go to the …………..to watch the match?
a) stadium b) temple c) aquarium d) sports centre

13-Yesterdy I rode …………..a big wheel?
a) in b) on c) under d) at

14- I saw an …………..about dolphins?
a) exit b) exhausted c) exhort d) exhibition

15- Let's …………..bowling .
a) play b) go c) do d) make

16- We enjoy watching the …………..in the sky at night.
a) stars b) sun c) son d) earth

17- You can go to the Egyptian …………..to see many statues.
a) Museum b) Stadium c) Aquarium d) Sports centre

18- There are a lot of sports you can do at …………..
a) museum b) temple c) aquarium d) sports centre.

19-Children like to go to the …………..to ride on the wheel
a) museum b) temple c) funfair d) sports centre.

20-Many people go to the …………..to see the planets .
a) museum b) planetarium c) aquarium d) sports centre

21-This …………..serves fish with rice.
a) restaurant **b) cinema** **c) station** **d) stadium**
22-Before going to school . I always have my …………..at 7.00 am
a) lunch **b) supper** **c) dinner** **d) breakfast**
23- Some students had lunch at the school …………..
a) toilet **b) canteen** **c) flag** **d) library**
24-My grandfather died …………..73.
a) age **b) aging** **c) aged** **d) the age**
25- Some boys are …………..of dogs.
a) fright **b) frightened** **c) frightening** **d) fear**
26-Yesterday our family …………..to our new house in Alexandria.
a) moved **b) moving** **c) moves** **d) are moving**
27- It took three hours …………..from our old house in Cairo.
a) driving **b) drive** **c) to driving** **d) to drive**
28-Students at school should wear a nice …………..
a) unicorn **b) uniform** **c) form** **d) forum**
29- We should be …………..when we talk to tourists.
a) friend **b) friends** **c) friendly** **d) unfriendly**
30- I don't talk to my father when he was quite …………..
a) nervous **b) pleased** **c) happy** **d) glad**
31- …………..Ahmed is late , he catches the bus.
a) Although **b) Because** **c) However** **d) But**
32- …………..Ahmed is early , he catches the bus .
a) Although **b) Because** **c) However** **d) But**
33- Mohammed was absent yesterday …………..he was ill .
a) although **b) though** **c) because** **d) so**
34- He didn't eat much …………..he was very hungry .
a) although **b) though** **c) because** **d) so**
35- The piano is a musical …………..
a) tool **b) machine** **c) instrument** **d) party**
36- What type of music do you like? I like …………..
a)Gas **b) Jazz** **c) Juice** **d) Just**
37- I like listening to Halim because I like …………..music.
a) classical **b) Jazz** **c) Pop** **d) Rap**
38- Egypt always has great …………..who plays wonderful music.
a) footballers **b) teachers** **c) doctors** **d)musicians**
39-There was a great storm so the ship was about to …………..
a) sink **b) dive** **c) swim** **d) drown**
40- All my family went out and left me …………..at home.
a) melon **b) alone** **c) balloon** **d) loneliness**
41-Some people like to write their …………..
a) dairy **b) dirty** **c) diary** **d) dirt**

42-We decided …………..our uncle after school .

a) visit b) visiting c) on visiting d) to visit

43- ……………….. a fantastic weekend it is

a) What b) Who c) How d) When

44- We went to our friend's house …………….. Saturday.

a) in b) on c) at d) of

45-We played football in the ……………. yesterday.

a) park b) bark c) museum d) aquarium

46-There is a really big swimming ……………… in the sports centre.

a) pool b) ball c) bowling d) bull

47-Aya likes jazz …………………

a) centre b) aquarium c) music d) musician

48- It was ……………. because my team lost 5-2

a) terrible b) fun c) great d) nice

49-It was great because I went to the bowling ………………….

a) allay b) alley c) all d) army

50-The pizza was really good …………… it was expensive.

a) but b) because c) so d) although

51-Robinson Crusoe is an ………………… story.

a) adventure b) romantic c) comic d) comedy

52- I walked …………… the sea.

a) long b) longer c) along d) length

53-I walked through a ……………….

a) sea b) river c) jungle d) tree

54- I lost all my work because my laptop stopped …………………

a) work b) to work c) to working d) working

(5) Language functions:

تستخدم العبارات الاتيه فى المحادثات

1- It was OK/great/fantastic/terrible!
2- What kind of a person
3- What type of
4- How was your weekend/birthday/ last maths lesson?
5- What type of music do you like?

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Aya : Can I ask you some questions?
Reham : Yes, of ………….
Aya: What type of ……….. do you like?
Reham : I like …………. but I don't like operae.
Aya : ……….. do you like it?
Reham : Because it is very ………..

Esraa:How are you, Amira?
Amira: I 'm fine , ………..
Esraa: When ……….. your birthday?
Amira: It was ……………
Esraa:………. was it?
Amira:It was fantastic.
Esraa: ………did you invite?
Amira: All my friends.

Assistant : Can I ....(1)................. you, sir?
Sami : Yes, please. I want to ......(2)................ a T-shirt.
Assistant : What colour do you ......(3)...............?
Sami : Blue, please. Size 36.
Assistant : Here you are. It's thirty ....(4)...... .
Sami : Here's the money. ………(5)…….. you.

Soha : .....(1).... didn't you go to school last week,Mona?
Mona : I was too …….(2)...... to go to school.
Soha : Did you ....(3)...... a doctor?
Mona : Yes, of course. He said I had a very bad cold.
Soha : I think you .....(4)...... have more rest.
Mona : You're right.
Soha: I …(5)……. you will be better.

(6) Grammar:

1- Wh- Question

1- كلمات الاستفهام:

What ما / ماذا	How كيف	How often كم مرة
Who من	How many كم عدد	How heavy ما وزن
Whose ملك من	How much كم ثمن / كم الكمية	How fast ما سرعة
When متى	How old كم عمر	How tall ما طول
Where أين	How high كم ارتفاع	How wide ما عرض
Which اى	How long ما المدة / ما طول	How deep ما عمق
Why لماذا	How far كم بعد المسافة	How good ما مدى إجادة

2- الأفعال المساعدة:

am – is – are / was – were
do – does – did / has – have – had / can – could
may – might – will – would – shall – should – must

ملحوظة:

نحول	I	إلى	You
نحول	We	إلى	You
نحول	my	إلى	Your
نحول	our	إلى	Your
نحول	I'm	إلى	are you

Examples:

1- My teacher's name is Mr. Abd Ellah. **(What)**
<u>What</u> is your teacher's name?
2- I was eleven years old last year. **(How old)**
<u>How old</u> were you last year?

3- I go to school by bus. **(How)**

<u>How</u> do you go to school?

4- I played football at school yesterday. **(Where)**

<u>Where</u> did you play football yesterday?

2-Yes - No Question

<u>- إذا بدا السؤال بفعل مساعد, تكون الإجابة بـ..... (Yes / No) .</u>

- <u>Are</u> you in class 6?

- Yes, I am. / - No, I'm not.

- <u>Is</u> she Mona?

- Yes, she is. / - No, she isn't.

- <u>Do</u> you like fish?

- Yes, I do. / - No, I don't.

- <u>Does</u> Ali play football?

- Yes, he does. / - No, he doesn't.

- <u>Did</u> you clean the car?

- Yes, I did. / - No, I didn't.

- <u>Can</u> you swim?

- Yes, I can. / - No, I can't.

- <u>Have</u> you got a computer?

- Yes, I have. / - No, I haven't.

- <u>Will</u> you travel to another country?

- Yes, I will. / - No, I won't.

<u>- أمثلة لتكوين أسئلة تبدأ بفعل مساعد:</u>

1- Yes, I can ride a bike. **(Can)**

<u>Can</u> you ride a bike?

2- Yes, Ahmed was late for school yesterday. **(Was)**

<u>Was</u> Ahmed late for school yesterday?

3- Yes, I was at the zoo last Friday. **(Were)**

<u>Were</u> you at the zoo last Friday?

4- Yes, he is ten years old. **(Is)**

<u>Is</u> he ten years old?

5- Yes, I remember my first day at school. **(Do)**

<u>Do</u> you remember your first day at school?

6- No, I haven't got any sisters. **(Have)**

<u>Have</u> you got any sisters?

7- Yes, Nabil has got a ball. **(Has)**

<u>Has</u> Nabil got a ball?

8- No, I didn't play basketball yesterday. **(Did)**

<u>Did</u> you play basketball yesterday?

The past simple tense زمن الماضى البسيط

1- Formation: التكوين

يتكون الماضي البسيط من الفعل العادي مضافاً (ed)والتصريف الثاني للفعل الشاذ

Samy played football yesterday.
Ali went to Cairo last year.

2- Usage: الاستخدام

يدل الماضي البسيط علي فعل حدث في الماضي وانتهي

She visited Cairo last month.
When I was young, I went to Alexandria

3- Negative: didn't + المصدر

They went to Assiut last month.
They didn't go to Assiut last month.

4- Questions: الأسئلة

اداه الاستفهام + did + فاعل + المصدر +تكمله السؤال?

What did you study yesterday ?

5- Yes / No questions:

Did + فاعل + المصدر + تكمله السؤال?

Did you visit Cairo last week?
Yes, I did.
No, I didn't

6- Key words: الكلمات الداله

Yesterday – last – ago – once – one day – in (1999) – in the past
in the old days – in the ancient times – this (morning , evening …..)

الفعل بمعنى يكون في الماضى

Was / were

Mariam was frightened of the cave.
I was not (wasn't) frightened of the cave.

المصدر	الماضي	المصدر	الماضي
be يكون	was/ were	drink يشرب	drank
beat يهزم	beat	eat يأكل	ate
become يصبح	became	fall يقع	fell
begin يبدأ	began	feed يطعم	fed
bite يعض	bit	feel يشعر	felt
blow تهب	blew	fight يحارب	fought
break يكسر	broke	find يجد	found
bring يحضر	brought	fly يطير	flew

build يبني	built	forget ينسي	forgot
burn يحترق	burnt	freeze يتجمد	froze
buy يشتري	bought	get يحصل علي	got
catch يمسك	caught	give يعطي	gave
choose يختار	chose	go يذهب	went
come يأتي	came	grow يزرع / ينمو	grew
cost يكلف	cost	have يمتلك	had
cut يقطع	cut	hear يسمع	heard
dig يحفر	dug	hide يخفي	hid
do يفعل	did	hold يحمل	held
draw يرسم	drew	hurt يؤذي	hurt
dream يحلم	dreamt	keep يحفظ/ يربي	kept
know يعرف	knew	say يقول	said
lay تبيض / تضع	laid	see يري	saw
learn يتعلم	learnt	sell يبيع	sold
leave يترك	left	send يرسل	sent
lend يسلف	lent	shake يرج / يهز	shook
lie تقع	lay	show / يبين	showed
light يضيء	lit	sing يغني	sang
lose يفقد	lost	sit يجلس	sat
make يصنع	made	sleep ينام	slept
mean يعني	meant	speak يتحدث	spoke
meet يقابل	met	spend يقضي	spent
pay يدفع	paid	stand يقف	stood
put يضع	put	swim يسبح	swam
read يقرا	read	take يأخذ	took
ride يركب	rode	teach يعلم	taught
ring يرن / يدق	rang	tell يخبر	told
rise / تشرق	rose	think يفكر	thought
run يجري	ran	write يكتب	wrote

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- He …………….an old friend last week.

a) met b) meet c) meets d) meeting

2- ………. you send the e-mail to your pen friend, Nada?

a) Have b) Were c) Did d) Are

3- We ……… to Aswan a month ago.

a) travel b) travels c) travelling d) travelled

4- Maher ………. under a taxi and broke his leg yesterday.

a) fell b) was falling c) fallen d) fall

5- My grandpa …………. a new farm in 2006.

a) buys b) buy c) buying d) bought

6- Ali to…………… China a year ago.

a) went **b) going** **c) goes** **d) go**
7- Where did you …………… your new T-shirt last week?
a) bought **b) buy** **c) buying** **d) buys**
8- Did you watch the film last night ? No , I ……………
a) don't **b) did** **c) didn't** **d) doesn't**
9- A year ago . my father …………… me with him to visit our farm.
a) takes **b) took** **c) take** **d) will take**
10- Yesterday , Omar …………... go to school by bus.
a) don't **b) didn't** **c) doesn't** **d) isn't**
11 – The ancient Egyptians …………… a lot of things
a) do **b) doing** **c) did** **d) will do**
12-We had lunch at the restaurant and the food …………… delicious.
a) is **b) are** **c) were** **d) was**
13- I didn't …………… any clothes last month .
a) bought **b) buy** **c) buying** **d) buys**
14-We went to the funfair three weeks ……………
a) ago **b) yesterday** **c) last** **d) now**
15- Where …………he go last Tuesday?
a) do **b) does** **c) did** **d) done**
16. Yesterday, we didn't …………………. anywhere.
a. drive **b. drove** **c. driving** **d. drives**
17. What did you…………………………. yesterday?
a. do **b.does** **c.did** **d. doing**
18. 1 ……………. very busy yesterday.
a. were **b. wore** **c. was** **d. wern't**

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- **Was** they in Suez last week?
2- I **have** a terrible accident yesterday.
3- We **spend** the last weekend at home with our noses.
4- She **fall** down and broke his leg.
5- They didn't **went** to the club yesterday.
6- We **didn't** at home last night.
7- My father **travels** to Italy three weeks ago .
8- Why **do** you go to the shops yesterday ?
9- What did you **bought** from the supermarket ?
10- **Next** week , we played football with our friends .
11- **Because** she is clever , she fails .
12- **Although** my brother was ill , he went to hospital.
13- Noha **doesn't** study maths yesterday.

Test on Unit: 7

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. Where did Fatma spend her holiday?

a. in Paris **b. In Rome** **c. In Italy** **d. In Madrid**

2. How was the food?

a. nasty **b. bad** **c. expired** **d. delicious**

3. What is Paris famous for?

a. The Eiffel Tower **b. The Pyramids** **c. The High Dam** **d. The Sphinx**

4. What did Fatma buy for Azza?

a. a T-shirt **b. a Postcard** **c. a souvenir** **d. Nothing**

2-complete the following dialogue :

Mona: …………… you like classical music, Dina?
Dina: Yes, I do. It's my favourite.
Mona: When …………did you last go to a concert?
Dina: I last went to a concert last year. It was fantastic.
Mona: .... you got a ticket for the concert on Saturday?
Dina: Yes, I have!
Mona: ……………. I come with you?
Dina: Yes, you can. ……………… you happy about that?
Mona: Yes, I am! It's fantastic.

3-Read the following, then answer.

One day, Sara went for a walk in the park. Suddenly she saw a huge cat which was smiling and looking at her. Sara was frightened and ran away from the cat quickly , but the cat chased her. Sara ran behind a tree which had a bin next to it .She picked up the bin and hit the cat hard. But the cat didn't stop chasing her. Suddenly Sara saw a tap with a hose on it .She sprayed the cat with water in its face , so the cat ran away .Sara was smiling happily , but she was in her bedroom. It was only a dream.

A- Answer the following question.

1- Did Sara really see the cat? Why?
2-What was smiling and looking at Sara ?
3- How did Sara hit the cat?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4-There was a ………………next to a tree.

a) flower **b) hen** **c) mouse** **d)** bin

5- When Sara saw the huge cat, she was …………………..

a) surmised **b) frightened** **c) happy** **d) pleased**

6- Ran away means ………………..

a) slept **b) died** **c) escaped** **d) finished**

4- Choose the correct answer:-

1- Nabil can't play football …………… his leg is broken

a) although **b) though** **c) because** **d) so**

2- …………… heavy is the bag ?

a) How **b) Where** **c)When** **d)Who**

3- The ancient Egyptians …………… the lighthouse in Alexandria

a) build **b) building** **c) built** **d) building**

4- My grandfather lives …………… comfortably in our village than in Cairo.

a) quiet **b) quit** **c) quietly** **d) quite**

5- How often …………… to the club last month?

a) you go **b) did you go** **c) do you go** **d) go**

6- I like going to the …………… to play games and ride on my favourite machine

a) stadium **b) canteen** **c) aquarium** **d) funfair**

7- Ayman can hide in the …………… of this mountain

a) cave **b) cafe** **c) room** **d) hotel**

8- The Egyptian National team plays in Cairo International ……………

a) Studio **b) Stadium** **c) School** **d) centre.**

9- Robinson Crusoe lived …………… on the island for many years.

a) alone **b) happy** **c) sad** **d) glad**

10- I prefer writing what happens every day in my ……………

a) dairy **b) dirty** **c) diary** **d) dare**

5 - Read and correct the underlined words:-

1- I went to see our doctors last week **although** I was very ill .

2- What **do** the ancient Egyptians invent ?

3- Did you **climb** this tree last week ?

4- I **don't** like last meal , it sounded terrible .

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

(A wonderful weekend).

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 8: The amazing world around us

(1)New Vocabulary:

visitor	زائر	entrance	مدخل
capital	عاصمة	population	السكان
measure	يقيس	dangerous	خطير
deep	عميق	beautiful	جميل
amazing	مدهش	empty	فارغ
stone	حجارة	space	فضاء-فراغ
city centre	وسط المدينة	treasure	كنز
crowded	مزدحم	design	يصمم
similar	متشابه	grand	كبير
tower	برج	proud of	فخور بـ
interesting	شيق	safe	امن
further	أبعد	ugly	قبيح
ground	الأرض	wide	واسع
narrow	ضيق	skating	تزحلق
worse	أسوا	competition	مسابقة
better	أفضل	low	منخفض
expensive	غالي	suspension	معلق
cheap	رخيص	bridge	كوبري
noisy	صاخب	tunnel	نفق
Hypostyle	الأعمدة	public	عام
Hieroglyphics	هيروغليفية	court	محكمة
expect	يتوقع	motorbike	موتوسيكل
agree	يوافق	island	جزيرة
disagree	لا يوافق	modern	حديث
politely	بأدب	sunset	الغروب
valley	وادي	view	منظر
compare	يقارن	achieve	ينجز
hall	صالة	objects	اشياء
reason	سبب	display	عرض
fantastic	رائع	popular	شعبي
temple	معبد	valuable	قيم

(2)Definitions:

cheap	not expensive
wide	measuring something from one side to the other
safe	not dangerous
noisy	not quiet
deep	A measuring water from the top to the bottom

(3) Reading Text

The Tahya Masr Bridge

The world's widest suspension bridge opened in Cairo in May 2019. It is 67.36m wide and 540 m long. More than 4,000 people helped to build it. They started building it in They finished it in 32 months.The bridge crosses the Nile's Warraq Island. More than people live on the island. Many people enjoy walking across the bridge. It has a glass floor, so you can see the river under your feet! The best time to cross the bridge is at sunset, for a beautiful view of the city.

The Grand Egyptian Museum

The oldest museum in Cairo opened in 1835. There were more than 160,000 of Egypt s most valuable treasures on display. However, the museum did not have space for 100,000 other objects. In 2002, there was a competition to design a bigger and more modern museum. The competition had 1,557 designs from more than 80 different countries.

The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in 2019. It is further from the city centre than the old museum, but only two kilometres from the pyramids at Giza. It has more space for valuable objects, more people can see them and it is able to look after the objects really well.

One of the most beautiful parts of the museum is the entrance, with its big plants and statues. The biggest statue is that of Ramses II, which is 12-metres high.

Moving these objects from the old museum in Tahrir to the Grand Egyptian Museum is not easy. It is expected to take many years of hard work.

We had a wonderful holiday in Egypt.These are my opinions about three of the most interesting places. The Valley of the Kings in Luxor is one of the most popular places for tourists to visit. We went early because that is the quietest time.

My brother said. This is fantastic! I am sure it gets busier later on during the day. The biggest place we went to was the Karnak Temple. My favourite part was the Hypostyle Hall a 5 000-square- metre room" with 134 stone columns. I think it was more crowded than the Valley of the Kings. In my opinion, the best and quietest place we visited was Habu Temple. It has columns similar to those at Karnak, but because it is less crowded, you can study them for longer.

(4)Language Notes:

1- It's + adj صفة + to + inf. المصدر

- It's polite to help old people.

2- Some abbreviations: بعض الاختصارات

cm = centimetre • m = metre • km = kilometre
g =gram • kg = kilogramme * km/h = kilometer/ hour * h =hour

3- another+ اسم مفرد **other+ اسم جمع**

Doaa has another present for you.
There other presents on the table.

4- كيفيه قراءه الارقام الكبيره

435,000 - four hundred and thirty-five thousand
37,000,000 - thirty-seven million
37,435,191 - thirty- seven million, four hundred and thirty-five thousand, one hundred and ninety-one

5- and, but

But تستخدم لربط جملتين بينهما تناقض وتاتي في منتصف الجمله
He was poor, but he was happy.

and تستخدم في الجمل لتدل علي الاضافه
She is kind and clever.

6- It takes / took + مده زمنيه+ to + المصدر

It took three hours to drive from our old house in Cairo.

Exercises on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- The hotel looks very nice, but how ……………….. is it?
a) cheap b) deep c) wide d) safe
2- We need to take the bus down this road, but how……………….. is it?
a) cheap b) deep c) wide d) safe
3- My children want to go into the jungle, but how……………….. is it?
a) cheap b) deep c) noisy d) safe
4- We want to swim in the river, but how………………..is it?
a) cheap b) deep c) noisy d) safe
5- I want to study near the playground, but how………………..is it?
a) cheap b) deep c) noisy d) safe
6- I don't like this hotel because. It is not very ………………...
a) cheap b) deep c) noisy d) safe

7- We went to the shop for some bread, ……………….. the shop was closed.
a) and b) but c) because d) or
8- Ahmed did not come to school yesterday……………….. he was ill.
a) and b) but c) because d) or
9- A My sister didn't like the book, ……………….. I loved it.
a) and b) but c) because d) or
10- What do you ………………..about going to the sports club tonight?
a) agree b) best c) think d) opinion
11- What's the ………………..place to play tennis near here?
a) agree b) best c) think d) opinion
12- What's your………………..of doing a sport every week?
a) agree b) best c) think d) opinion
13- Do you….. that Thursday evening is the most expensive time to go to a sports club?
a) agree b) best c) better d) opinion
14- Which sport do you think is……………….. football or tennis?
a) agree b) better c) think d) opinion
15- We need to buy some more water. This bottle is ………………..
a) crowded b) empty c) low d) narrow
16- Be careful you don't hit your head on the door. It is very………………..
a) crowded b) empty c) low d) narrow
17- Only people and bikes can go down that road because it is very………………..
a) crowded b) empty c) low d) narrow
18- A The teacher was angry because all the students were very………………..
a) noisy b) empty c) low d) narrow
19- We can't swim across the river here because it is very………………..
a) crowded b) wide c) low d) narrow
2- The market is always very busy at this time. Don't go now or it will be very……
a) noisy b) empty c) low d) narrow
21- The Tahya Masr ………………..goes over the Nile in Cairo.
a) bridge b) city c) tower d) tree
22- The Cairo………………..is the tallest building in Egypt.
a) sea b) river c) jungle d) tunnel
23- The ………………..goes under the sea between England and France.
a) sea b) river c) jungle d) tree
24- Was the party ……………….. or boring ?
a) amazing b) amazed c) interested d) surprised
25- Egypt has ……………….. amazing places.
a) little b) many c) a lot d) much
26- The Egyptian ……………….. is full of a lot of jewellery,
a) restaurant b) Bank c) Hotel d) Museum
27-The Cairo Tower is 187 metres………………..
a) tall b) high c) long d) far

9-You can have lunch at the restaurant at the ………………. of the tower.
a) bottom b) middle c) right d) top
28-From the tower , you can see all the city ………………..
a) above b) over c) ahead d) below
29-My father is 40 years ………………..
a) long b) old c) high d) tall
30-I am proud that Egypt is my ………………...
a) countryside b) country c) city d) town
31- The criminal hid in a ………………. just under the ground.
a) town b) city c) cave d) mount
32- How can the tailor ………………. the cloth? He uses his metre.
a) weigh b) measure c) lift d) carry
33-Can you dig a ………………. hole under the ground?
a) deep b) tall c) old d) high
34-To reach Giza , you can cross the ………………. over the Nile .
a) dam b) bridge c) castle d) tower
35- How ………………. do you know about the pyramids?
a) old b) many c) long d) much
36-The ………………. Pyramid of Giza is 146 metres tall.
a) Great b) Good c) Long d) modern
37-I always go to school on foot because it isn't far ………………. my house .
a) of b) from c) in d) on
38- I can't concentrate because of these ………………. children.
a) noise b) quiet c) quite d) noisy
39-We have a lot of ………………. at school today .
a) visitors b) visit c) tour d) tree
40- Cairo has many wonderful ,ancient ………………..
a) build b) builds c) builders d) buildings
41- Is Brasilia the ………………. of Brazil ?
a) capital b) town c) village d) hotel
42- We will be late because the ……………….. is very slow .
a) people b) pollution c) traffic d) terrific
43………………..my opinion Egypt is a great country
a) On b) In c) Of d) At
44- Tahya Masr Bridge has a wonderful glass ………………..
a) ceiling b) roof c) floor d) flour
45-I enjoy sitting on the beach ……………….. sunset
a) in b) on c) at d) of
46-You should talk to people ………………..
a) polite b) politely c) rudely d) badly
47-Winning the world cup is France greatest ………………. in sport.
a) achievement b) advert c) app d) medal

48- The Egyptian Museum is full of historical ……………….
a) objects **b) subjects** **c) buildings** **d) pyramids**
49-There are a lot of goods ………………..display
a) in **b) on** **c) at** **d) of**
55-Who will win the ……………….. you or your friend?
a) composition **b) competition** **c) corruption** **d) collect**
51-The ancient Egyptians used to speak ………………..
a) English **b) Hieroglyphics** **c) Arabic** **d) French**
52-Yu should leave your car in the car ………………..
a) park **b) bark** **c) street** **d) road**
51- You shouldn't keep this dog here .It is too ………………..
a) nice **b) pretty** **c) beautiful** **d) ugly**

(5) Language functions:

How long/wide/tall / high is (the road - tower)?	It's 50 cm long/wide//tall.
How deep is Lake Bekal in Russia?	It's 1,642 m deep.
How fast does (a plane) go?	A plane goes at 560km/h.
How old is your school?	It's ninety years old.

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Ahmed : Look! This plane is very fast.
Magdy : Yes, it is. How 1) ………………… is it?
Ahmed : I think it 2……………..at about 560 km/h.
Magdy : It's very tall. How tall is it?
Ahmed : It's about 19 (3…………………..tall.
Magdy : I want to travel (4) …………. plane one day.
Ahmed : Me, ………………

Tamer : How ….(1) ………………. can this train go?
Hamdi : It can go at 200 …(2) ………………..an hour.
Tamer : How wide is it?
Hamdi : It's 3 metres …..(3) ……………………..
Tamer : How ……(4) ………………..is it?
Hamdi : It's 50 metres long.
Tamer : How ………….. is it?
Hamdi : It's just under fifty years old.

تستخدم العبارات الاتيه فى المحادثات

1- I (don't) agree. **2- I disagree, because...**
3- In my opinion... , **4- I think...** **5- I'm sure...**

Ali : Can I ask you some questions?
Ahmed : Yes, of course.
Ali : Do you ………….. that Cairo is the biggest city in the world?
Ahmed : I don’t agree with you.
Ali : What do you ………….. about animals like horses and cats?
Ahmed : In my …………… they are useful.
Ali : What's the most difficult …………….. at school?
Ahmed : The most difficult …………… is maths.
Ali : Thank you very much.
Ahmed : You’re welcome.

(6) Grammar:

Adjectives الصفات

للمقارنة بين شخصين أو شيئين (عدم تساوي في الصفة)

1 - مع الصفات قصيرة المقطع نستخدم :

صفة + er + than

Tamer is taller than Basant.
Abduo is younger than Nora.

2 - مع الصفات طويلة المقطع نستخدم :

more + الصفة + than ------------------------ اكثر من
less + الصفة + than -----------------------أقل من

Gold is more expensive than silver.
My book is less interesting than yours.

تستخدم عند المقارنة بين شيء/شخص ومجموعة

1 – مع الصفات قصيرة المقطع :

the + صفة + est

Tamer is the tallest boy in the class.
Everest is the highest mountain in the world.

2 – مع الصفات طويلة المقطع :

the most + الصفة الطويلة ------------------------------ الأكثر
the least + الصفة الطويلة ------------------------------- الأقل

Ali is the most popular man in our village.
Amr is the least intelligent man in the city.

تستخدم عند المماثلة أو التساوي :

as + صفة + as

Ahmad is as old as Samy.
= Ahmad and Samy have the same age
The book is as expensive as the pen.

وعند النفي نستخدم :

not as / so + صفة + as

Ali is not as good as Ayman.
Mona is not so clever as Eman.

Irregular adjectives الصفات الشاذه

good	better than	the best
bad	worse than	the worst
many \ much	more than	the most
little	less than	the least
far	farther (further) than	the farthest (furthest)

He is better than his brother .
He is the best one in class.

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- English is less difficult ………….. maths.
a) this b) then c) the d) than

2- Apples are as ………….. as oranges.
a) heavily b) heavy c) more heavy d) most heavily

3- Spain isn't ………….. hot as England.
a) at b) as c) than d) the

4- A train is ………….. comfortable form of transport.
a) least b) the most c) most d) more

5- The UK is not ………….. Egypt.
a) bigger b) as big as c) big d) biggest

6- The radio is the ………….. useful thing in the house.
a) more b) most c) less d) many

7- I think the train is .... comfortable than the bus.
a) least b) as c) more d) most

8- Fruit is as .... vegetables.
a) healthy b) healthier c) healthiest d) healthy as

9- The UK does not have .... many people as Egypt.
a) more b) most c) as d) much

10- Canda is the ……………………….. country.
a) rainier b) rainiest c) rainy d) rain

11- The UK is not as...................... as Egypt.
a) big b) bigger c) biggest d) big than

12- My earphones are the....................... modem earphones. They are very old.
a) less b) most c) least d) more

13- A lap top is not....................... as a computer.

a) big	**b) bigger**	**c) as big**	**d) biggest**

14- Oranges are .... than rice.

a) more	**b) healthy**	**c) less healthy**	**d) healthier**

15- Winter is the .... sunny season.

a) most	**b) least**	**c) more**	**d) less**

16 – Our flat is the .... one in the city.

a - old	**b -older**	**c -oldest**	**d -elder**

17 –This is .... difficult exercise we have ever done.

a – more	**b – most**	**c – the most**	**d – less**

18 – He is the .... man.

a – helpful	**b – more helpful**	**c – less helpful**	**d – most helpful**

19 – My car is .... comfortable as your car.

a – less	**b – as**	**c – more**	**d – most**

20 – He is .... than his friend .

a – good	**b – better**	**c – best**	**d – the best**

21 – Which is .... The Nile or the Amazon?

a – long	**b – longest**	**c – longer**	**d - the longest**

22 – Alexandria is .... from Aswan than Cairo.

a – farthest	**b – far**	**c – farther**	**d – furthest**

23 – She is....................... than her sister.

a – as beautiful	**b – more beautiful**	**c – most beautiful**	**d – beautiful**

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Early mobiles weren't as **lighter** as mobiles today.
2- The UK has **most** people than Canada.
3- This book is **most** boring than the last one.
4- This is the **more** interesting book I have ever read.
5- Early mobiles were not as **heavier** as phones today.
6- Are pictures on mobiles the same **so** pictures on cameras?
7- A laptop is **small** than a computer.
8- I think a camera on a phone is **least** important than text messages.
9- This is the **more** popular mobile phone.
10- Modern phones often weigh **least** than 100 grams.
11- Your bag is not as heavy **than** mine.
12- This car is as **older** as my car.
13- Ahmad is the **better** student in the class.
14- Arabic is the **easier** subject.
15- English is more **easier** than Chinese.
16- Aya is **tallest** than Reham
17- Tarek is the **shorter** student in class.

Test on Unit: 8

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. Where does Akeyo live?

a. in Cairo **b. in Nairobi** **c. in Paris** **d. in London**

2. What does he usually have with his family in the morning?

a. lunch **b. dinner** **c. supper** **d. breakfast**

3. Why do his parents drive him to school?

a. the school is near **b. the school is not far**
c. the school isn't remote **d. the school is far**

4. Where does he read books?

a. in the library **b. in the playground** **c. in the zoo** **d. in the club**

2-complete the following dialogue :

Mary: What were the …………………… Egyptian famous for?
Nada: They were famous for ……………………
Mary: …………………… did they build the pyramids?
Nada: They built the pyramids in ……………………
Mary : What else did they ……………..?
Nada : They built the lighthouse in Alexandria

3-Read the following passage, then answer.

My name is Doaa. I want to be a doctor here in Tanta so I always work hard at school. My favourite subjects are Science and Computer Studies. I also want to speak good English to other children in different places. My teachers are very good. I like to use technology. I use a tablet to practise my English. Sometimes I use my phone, too! Last year, I learnt English in London with my family. It was fantastic! I cycled to summer school every day, and I met students from different countries. I now have a friend from Uganda! My favourite place was a river in Cambridge. It was very beautiful, but I didn't swim in it!

A. Answer the following questions

1. Where is Doaa?
2. What subjects is Doaa interested in?
3. What is Doaa's goal?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. Doaa didn't……………………. in England last year?

a. swim in a river **b. meet new friends**
c. practise her English **d. cycle to school**

5. Her favourite…………….was a river in Cambridge.

a. subject **b. food** **c. place** **d. technology**

6. Doaa's has a friend from……………………………

a. Africa **b. Asia** **c. Europe** **d. North America**

4- Choose the correct answer:-

1- It is the ………………exciting book I have ever read .

a- most	**b- more**	**c- lessr**	**d- than**

2- Ali is not as………………as Waleed.

a- stronger	**b- strongest**	**c- strong**	**d- strongly**

3- Eman is………………beautiful than Nada.

a- the most	**b- little**	**c- least**	**d-more**

4- Egypt is not………………hot as the Sudan,

a-such	**b-too**	**c-very**	**d- so**

5- The …………….Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in 2019.

a- Grand	**b-age**	**c-very**	**d- game**

6- It is further from the city …………than the old museum

a- central	**b- centre**	**c- cement**	**d- tease**

7- Nabil can't drink because his bottle is ……………

a- full	**b- fill**	**c- empty**	**d- filled**

8- ………………heavy is the bag ?

a- How	**b- Where**	**c- When**	**d- Who**

9- The ancient Egyptians built the ………………… in Giza

a- pyramids	**b- lighthouse**	**c- places**	**d- flats**

10- The Egyptian Museum has many ……………….. objects.

a- history	**b- historical**	**c- historian**	**d- older**

5 - Read and correct the underlined words:-

1- Which is **fast**, a plane or a train ?
2- My father is **oldest** than my uncle
3- Our father is the **more** intelligent member.
4- Alexandria is **far** than Tanta for us .

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

(A visit to the museum)

…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 9: Adventure

(1)New Vocabulary:

adventure	مغامرة	journey	رحلة طويلة
kayaking	التجديف	negotiate	يتفاوض
activities	أنشطة	negotiation	مفاوضات
diving	الغوص	win	يفوز
windsurfing	ركوب امواج	lose	يخسر
rock	صخرة	argument	جدال
climbing	تسلق	equipment	معدات
mountain	الجبل	research	بحث
biking	ركوب دراجة	postcard	بطاقة بريد
scary	مخيف	sunny	مشمس
zip lining	انزلاق بالحبل	clouds	سحاب
trek	يتجول	rain	مطر
nearly	تقريباً	storm	عاصمة
through	خلال	wet	مبتل
tent	خيمة	frightened	خائف
Bedouin	بدوي	excited	مثير
rainy	مطر	present	يقدم - هدية
cloudy	غائم	presentation	عرض
mirror	مرآة	challenge	تحدي
snowy	ثلجي	windy	كثير الرياح
stormy	عاصف	dress	يرتدي
foggy	ضبابي	album	البوم
respect	يحترم	online	متصل بالنت
fog	الضباب	tour	دورة
magazine	مجلة	special	خاص
protect	يحمي	advantage	ميزة
towel	فوطة	india	الهند
British	بريطاني	article	مقال
return	يعود	railway	سكة حديد
a bit	قليلاً	transport	النقل
dry	جاف	guide	مرشد

(2)Definitions:

guide	a person who shows a place to tourists
journey	a long trip from one place to another
adventure	an exciting experience when something unusual or dangerous happens
tent	something you sleep in when you go camping

(3) Reading Text

My Trekking Adventure

By Ahmed

Next year,I m going to go trekking across Sinai. It s going to be a big adventure! I'm going to travel nearly 500 kilometres through mountains from Ras Shetan to Serabit el Khadem. I'm going to sleep in a tent and stay with Bedouin families. I'm going to have a guide to help me find the way and a camel to carry food and water. The journey is going to take me 43 days.

Hi Eman!

I m in Dahab with my family. There's so much to do here! This afternoon, we're going to go trekking in the mountains.I'm not going to try rock climbing.It's too scary! Tomorrow, we're going to try windsurfing in the morning and in the afternoon, we're going to go diving! We're not going to go kayaking.There is no time! V

Love, Reem

Dear Grandma,

We re really enjoying ourselves on holiday in South Africa! It s beautiful here and there's a lot to do. Yesterday was an adventure.We went trekking in the mountains.It was sunny when we started, but when we got to the top of the mountain we saw dark clouds. On the way down,the rain started!Then there was a storm.The rocks were wet and Tamer fell over and hurt himself. But it's OK his leg is better today. Tomorrow the weather is going to be better, so we're going to try zip lining! I'm a bit frightened, but I'm excited,too.

See you soon, Dalia

Around the World in 80 Days

by Jules Verne

In 1872, the writer Jules Verne read a newspaper article about a new railway line across India. It gave him a great idea for a book. He wrote a story about a British man called Phileas Fogg. He takes a challenge to travel around the world in just 80 days. This sounds easy today, but at that time, there were no cars or planes.

When Phileas Fogg takes the ship back to London from the USA, there is a big storm at sea and he arrives in London one day late, on 22nd December. But he made a mistake: because he travelled east around the world, it is one day earlier than he thought. So he completes his challenge on time!

From: Maher
To: Karim
Subject: Your visit
Dear Karim,
I m really excited that you are going to come and stay with us next week. I m looking forward to seeing you again. What time is your train going to arrive? We can meet you at the station. Our new home is by the beach. We can go swimming every day. There are lots of other things to do, too. How about going windsurfing or diving?
On Thursday, Grandad is going to visit us. Let's make him a special present. Why don't we find photos of ourselves and our other cousins? We can make him a photo album.
See you on Saturday!
From
Maher

(4)Language Notes:

1- too ايضا فى نهاية الجملة المثبتة **eitherايضا فى نهاية الجملة المثبتة**
I like football, I like tennis too.
I don't like football, I don't like tennis either.

2- do
Homework / washing / shopping / يتسوقsweeping / activities

3- make
Coffee / tea / breakfast – lunch – dinner / a cake / salad / noise / a mistake /

4- arrive inيصل لمكان كبير **arrive at يصل مكان صغير**
At last , we arrived in Cairo
At last , we arrived at Cairo airport

5- I'd rather + المصدر أفضل ان
I'd rather drink juice .

6- هناك بعض الصفات التي تتكون وذلك باضافه حرف y الي الاسم

Sun - sunny	cloud - cloudy	wind - windy	rain - rainy
snow - snowy	storm - stormy	fog - foggy	

7- How / What about + v-ing
Shall we + المصدر
Let's + المصدر
What about going to the zoo?
Let's go to the zoo.

Ordinal numbers : الترتيبية الأعداد

first = 1^{st}	الاول	eleventh = 11th	الحادي عشر	twenty-first = 21st	الحادي والعشرون
second = 2^{nd}	الثاني	twelfth = 12th	الثاني عشر	twenty-second = 22nd	الثاني والعشرون
third = 3^{rd}	الثالث	thirteenth = 13th	الثالث عشر	twenty-third = 23rd	الثالث والعشرون
fourth = 4^{th}	الرابع	fourteenth = 14th	الرابع عشر	twenty-fourth = 24th	الرابع والعشرون
fifth = 5^{th}	الخامس	fifteenth = 15th	الخامس عشر	twenty-fifth = 25th	الخامس والعشرون
sixth = 6^{th}	السادس	sixteenth = 16th	السادس عشر	twenty-sixth = 26th	السادس والعشرون
seventh = 7^{th}	السابع	seventeenth = 17th	السابع عشر	twenty-seventh = 27th	السابع والعشرون
eighth = 8^{th}	الثامن	eighteenth = 18th	الثامن عشر	twenty-eighth = 28th	الثامن والعشرون
ninth = 9^{th}	التاسع	nineteenth = 19th	التاسع عشر	twenty-ninth = 29th	التاسع والعشرون
tenth = 10^{th}	العاشر	twentieth = 20th	العشرون	thirtieth = 30th	الثلاثون

Exercises on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1-I am the 3rd in the final exam; that means I'm ....

a) the fourth **b the third** **c the first** **d the last**

2. My house is the …………………...house in the street.

a. seventh **b. seven** **c. seventeen** **d. sevens**

3- I love waking up in a ………….. and hearing the birds sing in the mornings.

a. seventh **b. seven** **c. seventeen** **d. sevens**

4- We want to have a …………..to show us the market, because they know all the best places to shop.

a. adventure **b. guide** **c. journey** **d. tent**

5- They took four days to cross the desert. It was a difficult …………..

a. adventure **b. guide** **c. journey** **d. tent**

6- I don't want to have an ………….. on holiday, I want to sleep by a pool!

a. adventure **b. guide** **c. journey** **d. tent**

7- It is usually very …………...in August.

a. cloudy **b. sunny** **c. snowy** **d. stormy**

8- It is not very hot today because there are a lot of…………..in the sky.

a. clouds **b. foggy** **c. snowy** **d. stormy**

9- There is …………..at the top of that mountain. Look, it is all white!

a. cloud **b. fog** **c. snow** **d. storm**

10- The roads are dangerous when it is…………..because you can't see very well.

a. cloudy **b. foggy** **c. snowy** **d. stormy**

11- Don't swim in the sea when it is …………..It is dangerous.

a. seventh **b. seven** **c. seventeen** **d. sevens**

12- We can't sail because there is no …………..

a. cloud **b. wind** **c. snow** **d. storm**

13-We should all plan ………….. our future .

a. to **b. for** **c. in** **d. of**

14- My father plans ………….. build a new house.

a. to **b. for** **c. in** **d. of**

15- Tomorrow will be busy with lots of things to …………..

a. do **b. go** **c. make** **d. have**

16- I read an ………….. about an adventure story .

a. paper **b. article** **c. newspaper** **d. book**

17- Did you watch any ………….. sports on TV.

a. adventure **b. adventurous** **c. venturous** **d. virtue**

18- Last year , I …………..diving in the Red Sea .

a. go **b. made** **c. did** **d. went**

19-I'd like to ………….. windsurfing .It is amazing.

a. try **b. make** **c. do** **d. play**

20-What ………….. going diving ?

a. on **b. for** **c. about** **d. in**

21-I like ………….. in the mountains.

a. diving **b. windsurfing** **c. swimming** **d. trekking**

22- Are you going to try zip …………..

a. lining **b. biking** **c. diving** **d. surfing**

23-I think zip lining looks …………..

a. scared **b. scary** **c. amazed** **d. interested**

24-I love going ………….. down the river .

a. kayaking **b. zip lining** **c. biking** **d. trekking**

25-Rock climbing , windsurfing and zip lining are adventure …………..

a. sports **b. reading** **c. books** **d. stories**

26- Amr got ………….. to go to school on time .

a. dress **b. dressing** **c. dressed** **d. dresses**

24-We make sure that all the equipment ………….. safe on the bike .

a. am **b. is** **c. are** **d. were**

25-Next year , I am going to go trekking ………….. Sinai .

a. across **b. cross** **c. crosses** **d. crossing**

26-When I go camping in the desert , I always sleep in a ………….. .

a. villa **b. flat** **c. tent** **d. palace**

27-I love staying with………….. families .

a. bad **b. bed** **c. broad** **d. Bedouin**

28-we are going to arrive ………….. Luxor on 4th January .

a. at **b. on** **c. in** **d. of**

29-I am going to travel …………..the desert.

a. throw **b. cross** **c. through** **d. thorough**

30-Can you help me ………….. this box?

a. carrying **b. to carries** **c. carry** **d. carried**

31-Which activity are you going to ………….. tomorrow?

a. go **b. make** **c. buy** **d. do**

32- After the rain , the road becomes …………..

a. wet	**b. dry**	**c. windy**	**d. sunny**

33- The rocks were wet and Tamer fell over and ………….. himself.

a. hard	**b. hurt**	**c. dirt**	**d. enjoyed**

34- I put on my hat and sunglasses to protect me from the …………..

a. son	**b. sun**	**c. moon**	**d. star**

35-Which type of transport ………….. people use in 1872?

a. did	**b. does**	**c. do**	**d. will**

36-In 1872 , there was a ………….. line across India.

a. railway	**b. airport**	**c. station**	**d. harbour**

37- Phileas Fogg takes a ………….. to travel around the world.

a. change	**b. challenge**	**c. charge**	**d. charm**

38-In 1872 , there were no cars ………….. planes.

a. and	**b. nor**	**c. or**	**d. so**

39-Phileas Fogg went ………….. the world in 80 days.

a. round	**b. a round**	**c. around**	**d. on**

40- I'd rather ………….. football.

a. play	**b. to play**	**c. playing**	**d. played**

41-I love …………..to music.

a. listen	**b. listens**	**c. listened**	**d. listening**

42-We look forward to ………….. the citadel.

a. visiting	**b. visit**	**c. to visit**	**d. visited**

43-I like living …………..the sea.

a. in	**b. on**	**c. at**	**d. by**

44-We should ………….. old people.

a. respect	**b. disagree**	**c. agree**	**d. refuse**

45-Have you got a photo ………….. to keep your photos.

a. album	**b. guide**	**c. teacher**	**d. writer**

(5) Language functions:

Asking for suggestion	Giving suggestion
1. What shall we do tomorrow?	1. Why don't we + المصدر?
2. Shall we ….. ?	2. Let's + المصدر
	3. What about + v-ing?
	4. we could + المصدر.
	6. How about + v-ing?

وعند الموافقه علي الاقتراح نقول

a good idea

وعند رفض الاقتراح نقول

I don't know.
I don't agree

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Tourist : How can we get to Aswan?
Guide : By (1)........................... or plane.
Tourist : How long does it (2)................................... to go there by train?
Guide : About 12 hours.
Tourist : When does the train (3)...................................?
Guide : It leaves at 8 o'clock in the (4…………………… •

Ali Tamer : Can I ask you a (1) ……….………….. ?
Shady : Yes , of (2) ………………………….. .
Tamer : Which food is (3) …………………….. important to the body ,biscuits or fruit ?
Shady : I (4) ………………..…. fruit is more important than biscuits .
Tamer : Thanks , Shadi .
Shady : You're welcome.

Aya : I feel bored now.
Doaa : …………………. watch Tv.
Aya : No, I don't ………………..
Doaa : ……………… about going to the park?
Aya : Good ………………..
Doaa : What time ……………. we go?
Aya : At 5 o'clock.

(6) Grammar:

جدول الضمائر الشخصية والمنعكسة

فاعل		الضمائر المنعكسة
I	أنا	myself بنفسي
He	هو	himself بنفسه
She	هي	herself بنفسها
It	هو / هي	itself بنفسه لغير العاقل
They	هم / هن	themselves بأنفسهم
We	نحن	ourselves بانفسنا
You	أنت	yourself بنفسك
you	انتم / انتن	yourselves بأنفسكم

يستخدم الضمير المنعكس عندما يكون المفعول و الفاعل واحد:

He bought himself a mew shirt.
She looked at herself in the mirror.
Hala cut herself when she was peeling يقشر the potatoes.
I don't want you to pay for me. I'll pay for myself.

يستخدم الضمير المنعكس للتأكيد ويأتي إما بعد الفاعل أو بعد المفعول:

I myself did the job. / I did the job myself.

'Who mended your bike?' 'Nobody. I repaired it myself.

يستخدم الضمير المنعكس بعد by بمعني "بمفرده " أو "بدون مساعدة" :

I went to the cinema on my own. = alone
Do you go to school by yourself? = alone
He lives on his own. = alone / by himself

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- She did her homework …………...… .
a) her **b) herself** **c) she** **d) hers**

2- They saw …………...… in the mirror.
a) themselves **b) ourselves** **c) them** **d) theirs**

3- I can't help you , Ahmad. You must write the letter …………...… .
a) yourselves **b) yourself** **c) himself** **d) myself**

4- The small boy smiled when he saw …………...… on the television.
a) yourself **b) myself** **c) itself** **d) himself**

5- Amir hurt ……………….. ankle.
a) himself **b) his** **c) he** **d) has**

6- If you don't bend your knees , you will hurt ……………….. back .
a) yourself **b) your** **c) you're** **d) you**

7- That's a very nice picture! Did you paint it ………………. , Jana?
a) herself **b) myself** **c) himself** **d) yourself**

8- The computer turns ……………….. off after five minutes.
a) it's **b) its** **c) it** **d) itself**

9- I don't need any help, thank you. I can do it ……………….. .
a) me **b) mine** **c) my** **d) myself**

10. Acat doesn 't need a shower. It can clean ....
a. himself **b. itself** **c. themselves** **d. ourselves**

11. She looks at................... in the mirror,
a. itself **b. herself** **c. myself** **d. himself**

12. Spend ten minutes preparing.................... for exercise.
a. myself **b. yourselves** **c. himself** **d. herself**

13- My mother cut …………………….. while cooking lunch.
a. myself **b. yourself** **c. herself** **d. himself**

14- I didn't buy this cake. I made it.....................
a. myself **b. yourself** **c. herself** **d. himself**

15- The birds sleep in caves to protect .... from eagles.
a. himself **b. itself** **c. themselves** **d. ourselves**

16- Sara has a jacket to keep .... warm.
a. myself **b. yourself** **c. herself** **d. himself**

17- A My sister and I like taking photos of .... when we go out
a. himself **b. itself** **c. themselves** **d. ourselves**

18- You don't drive this car. It drives ....!

a. itself **b. yourself** **c. herself** **d. himself**

19- I can't walk very well because I hurt.................... while playing football.

a. myself **b. yourself** **c. herself** **d. himself**

20- The children put on hats to protect.................... from the sun.

a. himself **b. itself** **c. themselves** **d. ourselves**

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We painted the house **themselves** .

2- Omnia is too young to wash **himself** .

3- My mother is painting our house **himself**.

4-The tiger looked at herself in the mirror

5- We all looked at **herself** in the school photo.

6- While cooking , I cut **himself**.

7- Did a famous person draw that, or did you draw it **themselves**?

8- Amr hurt **herself** a short time ago.

2) going to + infinitive (مصدر) سوف

1) Affirmative: فى حالة الاثبات

I	am ('m) + going to + مصدر
He / She / It	is ('s) + going to + مصدر
We / You / They	are ('re) + going to + مصدر

I **am ('m) going to work** hard this term.

2) Negative: فى حالة النفى

I	am not ('m not) + going to + مصدر
He / She / It	is not (isn't) + going to + مصدر
We / You / They	are not (aren't) + going to + مصدر

- I am not ('m not) going to work hard this term.

3) Wh – questions: فى حالة الاسئلة باستخدام أداة استفهام

أداة استفهام + am / is / are + فاعل + going to + مصدر ?

- What are you / we / they going to do tomorrow morning?

4) Yes / No questions and short answers:

فى حالة الاسئلة التى يجاب عليها بنعم أو لا

Am / Is / Are + فاعل + going to + مصدر ?

- Are you / we / they going to work hard?

Yes, they are. No, the aren't.

5- Use going to + مصدر + for: going to استخدامات

1- **future plans, intensions and decisions**: للخطط و النوايا و القرارات المستقبلية
- Next month **I'm going to buy** a new car.
- "Why are you turning on the TV?" **I'm going to watch** the news."

2- **future predictions with evidence**: تنبؤات فى المستقبل قائمة على دليل
- There are clouds in the sky. It **is going to rain**.
- It's really dark. I think **it's going to rain**.

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1-What is Ali .... visit next time he is in the area?
a- would b- going c- going to d- will go

2- We ………….. to take the train to Luxor next week. We already have our tickets.
a. are going b. won't c. will d. aren't going

3- Look at the sky! It's full of dark clouds. It …………. rain soon.
a. will b. won't c. is going to d. is going

4- We ……… visit the Egyptian Museum tomorrow. We have bought the tickets.
a. will b. won't c. are going to d. are going

5- All of us ………..… to go to a big party at my uncle's house.
a. are going b. should c. will d. aren't going

6-I intend to visit my relatives. I …………. visit them soon.
a. will b. won't c. am going to d. is going

7- The sky is clear . It ………..… rain.
a. is going to b. should c. isn't going to d. will

8- You don't study well . You …………. fail the test.
a. are going to b. should c. will d. aren't going

9- Be careful .you are going ………..…
a. fell b. fall c. to fall d. fallen

10-Ahmed is running fast . He ………..…win the race
a. is going to b. should c. isn't going to d. will

Read and correct the underlined words:

1-The sky is clear . It **won't** rain
2-I am going **putting** off my new jacket .
3- We are going **fly** to Paris with our close friends
4- Look at that boy! He **will** fall off his bike.
5- Hassan is **gone** to play football soon .The game starts in ten minutes.
6-I am going to **gone** to Cairo
7- Are you **intending** to visit us?
8- I can't ride a bike very well. I **will** crash!

Test on Unit: 9

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. What does Wael love?

a. teaching **b. horse riding** **c. technology** **d. films**

2. What is his favourite hobby?

a. video games **b. swimming** **c. writing** **d. farming**

3. What does he usually use to play video games?

a. mobile phone **b. laptop** **c. computer** **d. mp3**

4. What is his favourite lesson at school?

a. English **b. Computer Studies** **c. Science** **d. Arabic**

2-**complete the following dialogue :**

Ahmed : Are you going to ……………. diving tomorrow ?

Amr : Yes of course . The weather is going to …………… sunny,

Ahmed :Can I come ……………….. you?

Amr : Sure , we can meet ………………. 9.00 am.

Ahmed : I am going to put ………………… my new swimsuit .

3- Read the following , then answer the questions:

Many tourists come to Egypt from all over the world. Some of them come by ship, but most of them come by plane. Egypt is a popular place for a holiday. In Egypt, Tourists can visit many exciting places and do many interesting things. In Alexandria and Hurghada, **they** can enjoy beaches and delicious food. In Cairo, they like to visit the Pyramids. There, they ride camels and enjoy taking photos. In old Cairo, they visit many historical places. The most famous place in old Cairo is Khan El-Khalili. It is famous for its markets and bazaars. They go to Luxor and Aswan to enjoy the High Dam and the ancient temples. They always say that Egypt is a safe country.

A. Answer the following questions

1. What can tourists enjoy in Hurghada?
2. How do most tourist come to Egypt?
3. What is famous for the bazaars?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. The word "**they**" refer to…………………….

a. tourists **b. Egyptians** **c. holidays** **d. Luxor and Aswan**

5. The word ancient is the same meaning as……………..

a. new **b. modern** **c. happy** **d. very old**

6. Egypt is a………………..country.

a. sad **b. safe** **c. dangerous** **d. ugly**

4-Choose the correct answer from a , b , c , or d:

1- My uncle ………….. visit us tomorrow. This is his plan

a. is going to b. will c. may d. can

2- The chair is broken .You ………….. to fall

a. are going to b. will c. may d. can

3- Let's ……………him a special present.

a. make b. open c. do d. take

4-The girls ………….. going to visit the temple next week.

a. were b. have c. are d. will

5- Both of you hurt …………...

a. yourself b. themselves c. himself d. yourselves

6- The train leaves the ………….. at 8.00

a. station b. park c. club d. court

7- There is a strong ………….. so the planes can't fly today

a. rain b. sun c. fog d. storm

8- The ………….. winner received his gold medal happily.

a. first b. second c. third d. fourth

9- In the desert , you can sleep in your …………...

a. hotel b. flat c. house d. tent

10-The ………….. is called the ship of the desert.

a. horse b. donkey c. camel d. dog

5- Read and correct the underlined words:

1-I am going to **gone** to Cairo

2- Are you looking forward to **see** us?

3- Ahmed and I enjoyed **themselves**.

4- It is cloudy. It is **will** rain

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

(Sports)

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 10: Welcome to my home

(1)New Vocabulary:

statue	تمثال	spoon	معلقة
seat	مقعد	wallet	محفظة
lamp	مصباح-لمبة	metal	معدن
curtain	ستارة	pencil case	مقلمة
sofa	كنبة	driverless	بدون قائد
cushion	وسادة	a tap	حنفية
cotton	قطن	oven	فرن
glass	زجاج	depend on	يعتمد علي
leather	جلد	ancient	قديم
plastic	بلاستيك	space	مساحة
stone	حجر	earthquake	زلزال
wood	خشب	technology	تكنولوجيا
wool	صوف	electricity	كهربا
paper	ورق	electric	كهربائي
guest	ضيف	socks	جوارب
idea	فكرة	robot	إنسان إلي
tiny	صغير	parcel	طرد
petrol	بنزين	charger	شاحن
championship	بطولة	bricks	طوب
igloo	كوخ	temperature	درجة حرارة
yurt	خيمة	broadcast	بث إذاعي
league	دوري	rectangular	مستطيل
rocket	صاروخ	materials	مزاد خام
sign	لافتة	imagination	خيال
Mount	جبل	drone	طائرة بدون
solar panels	ألواح شمسيه	events	أحداث
turbine	توربين	Switzerland	سويسرا
suddenly	فجأة	task	مهمة
creative	مبدع	size	حجم - مقاس
round	دائري	look like	يشبه
shape	شكل	important	هام

(2)Definitions:

space	an area that you can move around in
warm	a nice temperature that is hot but not too hot
earthquake	when the ground suddenly moves
tap	you can turn this to get water
bricks	you use these to build a wall
roof	this is on top of a house
oven	you use this to cook food or bread
	we can use the sun or the wind to produce this.
wind turbine	they use the wind to produce electricity
electric car	car does not use petrol
drone	this machine can fly, but it does not have a pilot
	these machines can do many things for us. Some of them can talk
solar panels	we put these on a roof. They produce electricity using the sun

(3) Reading Text

Deir el-Medina

In ancient Egypt, there was a village called Deir el-Medina. The people from the village worked in the Valley of the Kings. There were 68 houses. The walls of the houses were made of bricks and the doors were made of wood. The people painted their houses white, with red doors. The houses had a kitchen and a living room, but there weren’t any bedrooms. People usually slept on the roof because it was very hot at night. There was usually an oven for bread in the kitchen, but there weren t any taps. People got their water from the Nile valley, about two kilometres away.

Holidays on the moon

In 2080, you won't go to the beach for your holiday.You will go to the moon! There will be rockets that leave Earth every day, and journey will take only 12 hours .They will be very fast!

Driverless cars

In 2080, people won’ t drive a car.We will all have a driverless car.They will be safer and there won’t be any any accidents. Students willread a book or watch TV when a computer on the car drives them to school!

Round houses around the world

Many traditional houses in the past were round. Today, many modem houses are also round. Why is this? There are lots of reasons!

A round shape means the building is very strong. This is important when there is an earthquake or in strong winds. Also, heavy snow or rain will fall from the roof. A round

house is also easier to keep warm or cool. It is also quieter inside a round building than a building that is a rectangle or square.
Finally, a round building uses fewer materials (so it is cheaper to make). It also has more space inside. How fantastic!

How to plan a creative writing task

1- First, think of as many ideas as you can. What will the house look like? What will it be made of? What will be different to houses of today? You can write down or draw your ideas. Use your imagination and have fun!
2- Then, decide which of your ideas are the best. Keep the other ideas for another time.
3- Finally, think about your best ideas in more detail.How can you make the ideas work? Make a plan (maybe in a diagram or drawing). You can change any ideas that don't work.

(4)Language Notes:

1- Saying years

2050	Twenty fifty
1986	Nineteen eighty-six
2000	Two thousand.
2006	Two thousand and six

2- circle	**circular**
rectangle	**rectangular**
triangle	**triangular**

3- There was / is يوجد للمفرد

تستخدم مع الاسماء المفردة (الكميات)

There is (spaghetti- oil- milk – water)

4- There were /are يوجد للجمع

تستخدم مع الاسماء الجمع (الاعداد)

There are (apples- oranges)

5- living room	**bedroom**	
kitchen	**bathroom**	**diningroom**
garden	**park**	

<u>Exercises on vocabulary</u>

<u>1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:</u>

1- My aunt made us some bread and when we ate it, it was still ……………..
a) warm b) earthquake c) space d) cool
2- Some houses fell to the ground after the ……………..
a) roof b) earthquake c) space d) cool
3. People found a shoe made of ……….. that was 5,500 years old.
a. leather b. plastic c. oil d. petrol
4. A tree needs to be at least six years old before you can get ……….. from it.

a. cotton b. wood c. glass d. rubber

5. This chain is made of ……….. . It's very expensive.

a) metal b) rubber c) gold d) wool

6. You can eat rice in this ……….. .

a) cotton b) rice c) wood d) paper

7. This blouse is made of ……….. .

a) paper b) wood c) oil d) cotton

8. These shoes are made of ……….. .

a) metal b) wool c) paper d) leather

9- The best shoes are usually made of ……………..

a) leather b) weather c) whether d) feather

10- It was hot outside, but it was nice and……………..in

a) roof b) earthquake c) space d) cool

11- My mother wants to buy a new sofa, but I don't think we have……………..for it in our living room.

a) roof b) earthquake c) space d) cool

12- I need a ……….. to stir my tea.

a) knife b) ruler c) teaspoon d) fork

13- I want to have a ……….. car because I hate driving.

a) driver b) driverless c) dive d) diver

14- I need a ……….. made of leather.

a) wallet b) spoon c) cup d) glass

15- The things at our home are made of different ………..

a) colours b) subjects c) materials d) hobbies

16- You can sit and relax on this ……….. .

a) table b) window c) radio d) sofa

17- A lot of things were made of stone in the ……….. age.

a) metal b) stone c) plastic d) iron

18- We will put new ……….. across our windows

a) carpets b) colours c) curtains d) cotton

19- My ……….. are made of wool.

a) shoes b) car c) shirt d) socks

20- We need another ……….. to light the hall .

a) shoes b) trousers c) lamb d) lamp

21- The ancient Egyptians ……….. a lot of things.

a) invented b) invited c) do d) make

22- The ancient Egyptians homes were ………..

a) modern b) recent c) tradition d) traditional

23- We need more ……….. to build the wall.

a) bread b) bricks c) beds d) pricks

24- They ancient Egyptians slept on the ……….. when it was hot.

a) house b) home c) roof d) wallet

25- My mother is in the ……….. She is cooking.

a) bedroom b) living room c) kitchen d) hall

26- Most Egyptians eat broad beans ……….. breakfast.

a) in **b) on** **c) over** **d) for**
27- Stew the chicken in the ……….. .
a) oven **b) living room** **c) house** **d) bed**
28- We need a plumber سباك to fix the ………...
a) door **b) cook** **c) tap** **d) tape**
29- Cairo is 80 kilometres ………..
a) way **b) away** **c) a way** **d) ways**
30- There weren't ……….. cinemas in ancient Egypt.
a) some **b) an** **c) a** **d) any**
31- There ……….. some apples in the fridge, Who ate them?
a) is **b) Were** **c) was** **d) are**
32- You can relax on that ……….. on the floor.
a) cushion **b) kitchen** **c) valley** **d) oven**
33- This is a nice ……….. for your son to play with.
a) toe **b) toy** **c) toilet** **d) tart**
34- Our class is ………..
a) circle **b) round** **c) triangle** **d) rectangular**
35- Is there a ……….. beside you on this seat.
a) space **b) room** **c) house** **d) home**
36- Welcome to our ……….. .have a seat and talk to our listeners.
a) pond **b) podcast** **c) pod** **d) broad**
37- We have a lot of ……….. at home today .
a) hosts **b) visit** **c) guests** **d) lists**
38- The ……….. designs houses and schools.
a) engineer **b) architect** **c) doctor** **d) teacher**
39- I think everything will depend ……….. computers.
a) in **b) on** **c) at** **d) of**
40- There will be lots of solar ……….. to get electricity.
a) plant **b) planes** **c) panels** **d) pens**
41- Wind ……….. will make electricity.
a) turbines **b) cars** **c) panels** **d) miles**
42- I think there will be ……….. to do all the housework.
a) robins **b) rabbits** **c) rulers** **d) robots**
43- Will people use ……….. to bring food and parcels?
a) drakes **b) rooms** **c) drones** **d) drama**
44- A ……….. can fly without a pilot.
a) space **b) drone** **c) car** **d) taxi**
45- The ……….. makes the houses fall.
a) earthquake **b) earth** **c) moon** **d) ground**
46- An ……….. is a kind of house .
a) temperature **b) accident** **c) earthquake** **d) igloo**
47- Electric cars use ………..
a) electricity **b) petrol** **c) oil** **d) gas**
48- Liverpool won the ……….. Championship League .
a) African **b) European** **c) American** **d) Asian**

(5) Language functions:

Making prediction
That will definitely (not) happen.
There will be
I'm sure that (we will/won't …)
There won't be
I think that (we will …)

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Hana : This magazine says that we'll be able to go (1) ……….. in Egypt in the future.
Nour : It will never be ………………… enough for skiing.
Hana : But the weather is changing. Do you ……….. Egypt will have snow in the future?
Nour : That ……………..….. not happen.
Hana : England has a lot more rain in the winter. Perhaps we will have more rain, too.
Nour : I'm not ……………..….. I think the weather will get hotter.

Mirna : When was the first train (1)............................. ?
Israa : It was made(2)........................... T814.
Mirna ; Who was the first train designed by?
Israa : It was (3).......................... by Stephenson.
Mirna : (4)........................... invented the first car ?
Israa : Benz ………………….. the first one.

Asking about and describing objects انسؤال عن ألشياء و وصفها	
What is it like?	It's (big) and it's made of (plastic).
Where does (it) come from?	It's from (Egypt)./ It's (Egyptian).
What is it made of / from?	It's made of wood
Where is it made in?	It's made in Egypt.

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Mariam : Is that ball made (1) ……………….. rubber?
Walaa : No, it isn't. It's made (2)……………….. plastic.
Mariam : What are these toys made (3) ……………….. ?
Walaa : Old boxes.
Mariam : Where are these beautiful toys …………………?
Walaa : They are made (4) ……………….. Egypt.

(6) Grammar:

Future tenses أزمنة المستقبل

• هناك طرق مختلفة للتعبير عن المستقبل:

1) will + inf. (مصدر) سوف

1) Affirmative: فى حالة الاثبات

فاعل + will / 'll + مصدر

- We**'ll see** you tomorrow.

2) Negative: فى حالة النفى

فاعل + will not / won't + مصدر

- I **will not see** you tomorrow.
- We **won't see** you tomorrow.

3) Wh – questions: فى حالة الاسئلة باستخدام أداة استفهام

أداة استفهام + will + فاعل + مصدر ?

- **When will you arrive**?

4) Yes / No questions and short answers:

فى حالة الاسئلة التى يجاب عليها بنعم أو لا

Will + فاعل + مصدر ?

- **Will he be late**?

Yes, he will. **No, he won't.**

Use will + مصدر + for: استخدامات will

1- **predictions**: لعمل تنبؤات فى المستقبل

- I expect Lucy and Paul **will stay** for dinner.

2- **offers**: عند عرض المساعدة

- **I'll make** dinner tonight.

3- **requests**: للطلب

- **Will** you **open** the door for me, please?

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. My brother ………………..twenty next week.

a- will be b- is being c- is going to be d- is

2. How old are you?- I…………37 next February.

a- am b- am going to be c- will be d- am being

3. I expect the next match……………much more difficult.

a- will be b- is going to be c- is being d- has been

4. Go and see that film. I'm sure that you………………it.

a- will enjoy b- are enjoying c- are going to enjoy d- enjoy

5- We ……… to Aswan a month ago.

a) travel b) travels c) travelling d) travelled

6- ……………… you open the window, please?

a) Can **b) Will** **c) Were** **d) Have**

7- We…………… be able to use tablets at schools in the future.

a) will **b) do** **c) could** **d) did**

8- In the future , we …………… to build better hospitals .

a) could **b) couldn't** **c) will be able** **d) be able**

8- I think planes …………………..be faster and bigger in the future.

a) can **b) will** **c) must** **d) could**

10.The magazine says that we …………… be able to go skiing in Egypt in the future.

a. won't **b. could** **c. would** **d. will**

11. In the future, trains will.................... able to go even faster.

a. be **b. being** **c. been** **d.tobe**

12. How.................... technology help us to travel in the future ?

a does **b.will** **c. did** **d. do**

13- Hamdi is very fast. I think he..................in the Olympic Games one day.

a- would be **b- is going to be** **c- is** **d- will be**

14- Don't worry. I…………..help you with your homework.

a-am going to **b-will** **c-going to** **d-won't**

15- Do you think there……….flying cars in the future?

a- is **b- am going to be** **c- will be** **d- was**

16-..........there be ordinary mobiles in the future ?

a- Is **b- Will** **c- Does** **d- was**

17-There ....be an ordinary cars in the future.

a- is **b- going to** **c- will** **d- won't**

2- Read and correct the underlined words:

1-My grandfather **well** be 65 next month.
2-**Would** we all use computers at school in the future?
3-modern technology will **helping** us a lot in the future.
4-I think liverpool **is going to** win the match.
5-I expect tamer will **visiting** us tomorrow.
6. Ali will **been** late for school because he missed the bus.
7- I expect **I'm going to** pass the final exam with ranks.
8- Aya **is going to** be 22 next month.

2- Talking about things

1- Made of (لم يتغير في الشكل) مصنوع من

The fish tank is made of glass .
This chair is made of wood.
My chair is made of plastic.
This pencil case is made of plastic.

2- Made from(تغير في الشكل) مصنوع من

Cheese is made from milk.
Most plastic is made from oil.
Plastic is made from oil.
This desk is made from an old door .
This hat is made from an old newspaper.

3- Made in صنع في مكان أو سنة
This car was made in 2015.
Many beautiful shoes and bags are made in Egypt.

4- Made by صنع بواسطة
The first car was made by Benz.
This cupboard was made by a clever carpenter.

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Chairs are ………….. wood.
a) made b) made in c) made from d) made of
2- Many beautiful shoes and bags are ………….. Egypt.
a) made b) made in c) made from d) made of
3- This kind of bowl is made ………….. China.
a) at b) in c) from d) of
4- Sewing machines are often ………….. Japan.
a) made of b) made from c) made in d) made
5- Are many computers made in …………..?
a) wool b) metal c) wood d) Brazil
6- Cake is ………….. water, floor, sugar and oil.
a) made b) made in c) made from d) made of
7-Are many computers made .... Brazil?
a) from b) with c) in d) of
8- These sweets are made .... sugar, cream and chocolate.
a) of b) to c) from d) in
9- The jumper and the blankets are made........................... wool.
a) from b) in c) of d) on
10- The bird nest is made .... leaves.
a) of b) by c) from d) in
11- Is this chair made .... wood?
a) for b) from c) in d) of
12- This scarf is made ………...................... China.
a) from b) in c) of d) with
13-.......................... these toys made of metal cans?
a) Is b) Was c) Are d) Do

14- The ring.......................... made of metal. It is made of gold.

a) is **b) aren't** **c) isn't** **d) are**

15- This hat is made............................ an old newspaper.

a) of **b) in** **c) from** **d) to**

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Plates are often made **on** China.
2- Where does cotton come **in** ?
3- Sewing machines are often made **of** Japan.
4-His new shoes are made **from** Spain.
5- My pencil is made **from** wood.
6- This rug is made **of** Egypt.
7-The shirts is made **of** wool.
8- The book is made **in** paper.
9-The cushions **is** made of cotton.
10-Is this chair made **in** wood?

Test on Unit: 10

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. How old is Ali?

a. Thirteen b. three c. thirty d. seventy

2. What is his mother's job?

a. A teacher b. A nurse c. An engineer d. A housewife

3. How many brothers does Ali have?

a. one b. two c. three d. five

4. What is his grandmother called?

a. Huda b. Hany c. Nada d. Lima

2-Finish this dialogue with one word each :

Aya: Where …………… you buy that mobile?
Doaa: I bought it from Tanta.
Aya : How much does it ………….?
Doaa: It costs me about 4000 pounds.
Aya : That's ……………….. expensive. Where is it made ?
Doaa: It is made ……………… Germany
Aya: I hope my father …………….. buy me a mobile like it.
Doaa: Good luck

3- Read this passage and answer the questions:

Today , we are going to talk about where things are made .Most of the world's paper is made in the USA. A lot of the wood it uses for paper comes from trees in Brazil. Many of the computers and phones we use are Japanese .You can also find many European things in other countries. Did you know that a lot of the petrol's world is made from Egyptian oil ?People also want to buy cotton and leather from Egypt .

Answer the following questions:

1- What is the main idea of the passage ?
2- Why do Americans need the wood from the trees in Brazil?
3- Why does the USA need the Brazilian wood?
4- Egyptians shoes and bags are made of ……………

a) cotton b) leather c) oil d) wood.

5- On which items would you probably find " Made in Japan" written on it?

a) paper b)rice c) phones d) shoes

6- Where does a lot of the world's petrol come from?

a) Egypt b) China c) Brazil d) Japan

4-Choose the correct word:

1- Theses shoes are made of natural ………….

a- wood b- weather c- metal d- leather

2- Secondary school students use the …………. to do exams.

a- table b- tablet c- lap top d- talent

3- We build our houses using ………….

a- bricks **b- parks** **c- bucks** **d- beaks**

4-I think we will.............more robots in our schools.

a- has **b- having** **c- had** **d- have**

5- The television is made ………………Egyypt.

a- of **b- in** **c- from** **d- by**

6- What is the lamp ………………of?

a-are made **b-is made** **c-making** **d-made**

7- Are many computers made …………China?

a- of **b- in** **c- from** **d- by**

8- I enjoy the ………… weather .

a- cool **b- coal** **c- worm** **d- cooling**

9- There……………. Any tourists in the museum today.

c- isn't **b- aren't** **c- wasn't** **d- am n't**

10- ………………. There any oranges?

d- Is **b- Are** **c- Do** **d- Many**

5-Read and correct the underlined word :

1- The windows of the car are made **by** glass.
2- The drones **well** help us travel in the future
3- I don't need **some** sugar in my coffee .
4- There **aren't** any cars in ancient Egypt.

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

(things are made of)

…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 11: On land on sea

(1)New Vocabulary:

earth	الأرض	touch	يلمس
land	أرض - يابس	octopus	إخطبوط
turtle	سلحفاة	flat	مسطح
coral reef	مرجان	tail	ذيل
die	يموت	hole	حفرة
jellyfish	قنديل البحر	save	ينقذ
ocean	محيط	environment	البيئة
whale	حوت	throw	يرمي
poisonous	سام	recycle	يعيد تدوير
shark	سمكة قرش	fisherman	صياد
stingray	سمكة لادغة	rubbish	زبالة
in danger	في خطر	planet	كوكب
natural	طبيعي	everywhere	كل مكان
sting	يلدغ	somewhere	مكان ما
press	يضغط	conclusion	
pot	إناء	press	يضغط
skeleton	هيكل	up to	حتي
shell	صدفة	share	يشارك
protect from	يحمي من	careful	حريص
brave	شجاع	pull	يجذب
reserve	محمية	gloves	قفاز
seeds	بذور	worried	قلق
character	شخصيه	headphone	سماعة رأس
frighten	يخيف	station	محطة
conclude	يختم	plant	يغرس
picnic	نزهة	snack	وجبة خفيفة
soil	تربة	poster	بوستر
cover	يغطي	main	أساسي
trash	قمامة	local	محلي
rules	قواعد	art	فن
angry	غضبان	a bottle	زجاجة

(2)Definitions:

turtle	It has a hard shell to protect it.
whale	It is the biggest and heaviest sea animal.
octopus	It has eight legs. It lives in the sea.
shark	It has big teeth. It is a dangerous sea animal.
jellyfish	It stings you when you touch it. It lives in the sea.
tail	Many animals have this behind them. People do not have one!
fisherman	People catch fish with fishing
coral	It makes a reef at the bottom of the ocean.
ground	the top part of the Earth, where we stand.
soil	what plants grow in
hole	an empty space in something
cover	put something over something else to protect or hide it
seed	a small, hard thing made by plants, which grows into new plants
throw away	get rid of what you do not need.

(3) Reading Text

Dangers of the sea

The shark is one of the most dangerous sea animals in the ocean. If it loses a tooth, a new one grows. A shark uses more than 20,000 teeth in its lifel So how do fish and sea animals protect themselves from danger?
A stingray is a big, flat fish and it lives in the coral reefs If it knows a shark is coming, it jumps out of the water!
A sea turtle has a hard shell to protect it. Other animals can swim very fast - the octopus has got eight legs to help it!
Some sea life, like the jellyfish is poisonous It stings you when you touch it.
What about the whales ? These big, heavy animals hit with their big tails!

WE MUST SAVE OUR PLANET!

Plastic everywhere! We use it for many]different things. The problem is, plastic stays Iin the environment for a very long time. Some of the plastic people find on beaches is about 100 years old! We can recycle some plastic, but most of it goes into the ocean. Plastic is poisonous when animals eat it. Every year, more than 100,000 sea animals and birds die from plastic We must try to use other materials- paper and glass, for example- because these are easier to recycle. When we use plastic shopping bag, We mustn t throw away these bags in rivers. It will take a long time to clean all the plastic rubbish from the beaches and the ocean. But we mustn t stop trying to help our planet!

Plant a tree today!

Do you want to help save our planet? Well, plant a tree! Trees help to keep our air healthy. You can plant a nut or the seed of a fruit.
First, wash the(plastic pot) and dry it.

Second, put some small stones at the bottom of the pot.
Then, fill the pot with soil.
Next, press your finger into the soil and make a small hole about 2 cm deep. Plant the seed in the hole and cover it with soil.
Finally, put the pot outside in a warm place. Water it every day. (Don't give it too much water.) When the tree grows too big for the pot, plant it in a bigger pot, or in the ground.

The Old Man and the Sea

by Ernest Hemingway

Santiago was an old fisherman. He felt worried, because the last time he caught a fish was 84 days ago. On the 85th day, he felt a big fish at the end of his fishing line. But the fish was stronger than Santiago. It took two days for him to finally pull it to the boat. Then the sharks came. When Santiago returned to his home on the beach, he had no fish, only a skeleton. He felt weak and slept for a long time. But the other fishermen saw how big the fish was and knew that he was brave to catch it. Santiago lost the fish, but the other fishermen now respected him more than ever.

(4)Language Notes:

1- help + مفعول +to + المصدر
Exercise helps you to think clearly.

2- spend + مفعول + v- ing
I spent an hour reading a story.

3- good for	**good at**
4- Finger	**toe**
5- hole	**hall**
6- warm	**worm**

7- make+ مفعول + المصدر
It makes the heart beat faster

8- need to + المصدر
You need to see a doctor at the hospital.

9- I'm sorry to + المصدر
I'm sorry to tell you about this bad accident.

10- without + ing بدون
11- want + to + المصدر

Exercises on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Don't throw away those glass bottles.We can ……………them.
a) environment **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) rubbish**
2- Trees are very good for our……………….because they give us clean air.

a) environment **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) rubbish**

3- Earth is one of eight…………………that go around the sun.

a) environment **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) rubbish**

4- We don't need that dirty piece of paper. You can put it with the……………….

a) environment **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) rubbish**

5- A lot of ………………… catch fish from the Red Sea.

a) skeleton **b) fishermen** **c) respect** **d) weak**

6- My grandmother is 65 and knows a lot! We all…………………what she says.

a) respect **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) skeleton**

7- Ahmed lost his phone, so his mother was…………………when he didn't phone her.

a) worried **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) rubbish**

8- Judy felt very………………… after she was ill, but she is better now.

a) skeleton **b) fishermen** **c) respect** **d) weak**

9- In the museum, we saw a………………of a very old animal.Its bones were very big!

a) worried **b) planets** **c) recycle** **d) skeleton**

10-The hero is the main ………………in the film.

a) character **b) singer** **c) act** **d) player**

11- Is the earth a ……………… or a star ?

a) plant **b) planet** **c) pants** **d) pond**

12- Plastic is used ……………… making different things .

a) for **b) to** **c) of** **d) from**

13- ……………… is good for the environment.

a) Rubbish **b) Recycling** **c) Garbage** **d) Trash**

14-Can you put this ……………… into the bin?

a) rubbish **b) money** **c) oil** **d) petrol**

15- When we ……………… something we use it again.

a) repeat **b) redial** **c) recycle** **d) cycle**

16- Don't ……………… this bottle away . I need it .

a) use **b) through** **c) threw** **d) throw**

17-Solar energy will not pollute the ………………

a) environment **b) water** **c) trees** **d) forest**

18- Plastic , metal , paper can be ……………… to be used again.

a) done **b) recycled** **c) given** **d) taken**

19-Animal which eat plastic die because it is ………………

a) poisoned **b) poisoning** **c) poisonous** **d) poison**

20-Most of the plastic is thrown……………… the ocean.

a) out **b) with** **c) by** **d) into**

21-Don't touch this electric wire. It is ………………

a) poisonous **b) dangerous** **c) safe** **d) nice**

22-Sea animals and birds die ……………… plastic

a) off **b) out** **c) in** **d) from**

23- We mustn't throw plastic bags ………………

a) away **b) way** **c) ways** **d) a way**

24- The turtle puts its head into its ………………

a) ocean **b) shell** **c) shelf** **d) canal**

25- A ……………… stung my arm in the sea.

a) shark **b) turtle** **c) jellyfish** **d) whale**

26- To plant a tree , we should dig a ………………

a) hole **b) all** **c) hall** **d) whole**

27-We should ……………… food to protect it from insects.

a) recover **b) discover** **c) cover** **d) uncover**

28- A fruit contains a lot of ………………

a) seeds **b) salt** **c) sand** **d) silt**

29-Animals and plants are protected in a nature ………………

a) plant **b) reserve** **c) conserve** **d) deserve**

30-We grow plants in rich ………………

a) soils **b) earth** **c) ground** **d) floors**

31-We can plant a small tree in a ………………

a) glass **b) bowl** **c) bull** **d) pot**

32-Be ……………… or you will break the glasses.

a) polite **b) rude** **c) careful** **d) careless**

33-The teacher is angry ……………… us .

a) with **b) for** **c) to** **d) of**

34-I ……………… a flat with my friend.

a) shared **b) agree** **c) disagree** **d) collect**

35- When my sister was late , I got ………………

a) worried **b) pleased** **c) happy** **d) glad**

36-He was too ……………… to carry this box.

a) strong **b) weak** **c) week** **d) weakly**

37- I need a fishing ……………… to catch fish.

a) line **b) lane** **c) rope** **d) lone**

38-The sharks ate Santiago's fish and left only its ………………

a) skeleton **b) cotton** **c) skill** **d) skull**

39-The ……………… 's job is to catch fish.

a) architect **b) fisherman** **c) doctor** **d) teacher**

(5) Language functions:

Sequencing events	Askingaboutthesequenceofevents
First, pour/add/put (some water) ... Now … Then/Next/After that, … Finally, …	What do we do first/next/after that? What happens next/now? Why does this happen?

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Wageeh : What do you know (1)…………………. Dr. Farouk El-Baz?
Yasser : He is a famous …..(2)………………. .
Wageeh : When was he born?
Yasser : He was…(3) ………….. in 1938.
Wageeh : What did he ….(4)…………………..?
Yasser : He studied …..(5) ……………………

Soha : Manal , what (1)………………. if I put this in water ?
Manal : What's it (2)………………………. of ?
Soha : Paper.
Manal: If it's paper , I think i. ……………………………
Soha :Yes , it's floating . You're right . OK , Manal , Does the box (4)…… …. or float?
Manal: If you put wood in water , it (5)………………….. .

Mother : Do you want to make a (1)………………. of tea?
Leila : OK. (2) …………. do I do first?
Mother : First, put some water in a (3) …………. .
Leila : What do I do (4) …………?
Mother : (5) …………….the water and the tea and wait a few minutes.

(6) Grammar:

The Zero Conditional الحالة الصفرية

1- Form: If + مضارع بسيط + مضارع بسيط

- **If** plants **don't get** enough water, they **die**.

2- Usage:

تستخدم الحالة الصفرية للتعبير عن حقائق علمية كحقائق الفزياء والعلوم والطبيعة

If you heat ice. It turns into water.

3- Question:

What happens if + مضارع بسيط ?
اداه الاستفهام+ do / does +فاعل+مصدر الفعل+if+مضارع بسيط ?

What happens if you don't water plants?
What does she drink if she is thirsty?

4- Yes / No Questions:

Do / Does +فاعل+مصدر الفعل+if+مضارع بسيط ?

Do plants die if they aren't watered regularly?

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. When the teacher talks, we always......................... to him carefully.

a. listened b. listening c. listen d. listens

2. When the water boils,...................... the teapot off the heat.

a. taken b. take c. took d. takes

3- If you put sugar into coffee, you need to …………. the coffee.

a) stirs b) stirred c) stirring d) stir

4. You feel ill if you …………… too quickly.

a. eat b. eats c. eating d. ate

5. When it ………….. very cold in England, it snows .

a. was b. is c. are d. be

6. If you drop a glass, it ……………… .

a. broke b. breaks c. break d. breaking

7. If I …………. my pen, I use my friend's pen.

a. lost b. loses c. losing d. lose

8. I drink a glass of cold water …………… I am hot.

a. in b. if c. where d. at

9. Do you ………….. ill if you eat too many sweets?

a. felt b. feel c. feeling d. feels

10. If you add two and two, …………. you get four?

a. does b. did c. do d. doing

11- I ………………. hello when I see my friends.

a) see b) say c) talk d) speak

12- If something ……………….enough air in it, it doesn't sink.

a) have b) has c) had d) hasn't

13- I ………………. to bed when I'm tired.

a) went b) go c) goes c) going

14- I wear my jacket if ……………….cold.

a) is it b) it is c) it was c) was it

15- When it's too hot outside, we ………………inside.

a) stays b) most light c) lighter d) lights

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- If you **added** two and eight , you get ten .
2- If you **drops** glass it breaks
3- Glass sinks if you **put** it in water .
4- What do you **doing** when you get home from school?
5- What do you say if someone **give** you a present?
6- **Do** she drink water if she is thirsty?
7- **Where** he is tired, he always goes to bed.
8- If you **is** ill, do you see the doctor?

Expressing necessity and advice

يمكن استخدام (must) للتعبير عن الضرورة

You must do your homework every day .
You must wash your hands before you eat or cook.

يمكن استخدام (mustn't) للتعبير عن التحريم .

You mustn't be late for school.
You mustn't leave the cooker on all night.
We must not talk in class when the teacher is talking. We must listen.

should and shouldn't for advice

1 نستخدم should و shouldn't فى النصيحة+ مصدر الفعل

-You should have about eight hours of sleep every night.
-You shouldn’t watch television all day because it’s not healthy.

يتم تكوين السؤال بهل كما يلى :

Should + فاعل+verb +.........?
-Should I write my name on my paper?
Yes, you should. /
No, you shouldn’t.

عند السؤال بآداة استفهام .

اداه استفهام + Should + فاعل+verb +.........?
- When should I start to revise for the exam?
- What should Ali do to learn English?

I advise you to + inf.
I advise you to study hard.
I advise you not to smoke

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1.You ....always make a revision timetable.
a. should b. shouldn't c. can‘t d. are
2.You............ study early in the morning if possible.
a. should b. shouldn't c. can‘t d. are
3.You............... go to bed too late.
a. should b. shouldn't c. can‘t d. are
4.You............... revise for your exams.
a) can b) can't c) must d) mustn't

5- We ……..…. listen when the teacher is talking.
a) can b) can't c) must d) mustn't
6- Where ……..…. I put my bag? - You must put it on the shelf.
a) can't b) can c) mustn't d) must
7- You ……..…. leave the cooker on all night. It is dangerous.
a) can b) can't c) mustn't d) must
8- You mustn't ……..…. water on fire. The oil will still burn.
a) pours b) pouring c) poured d) pour
9- You ……..…. dry your hands before you touch something electric.
a) can b) mustn't c) can't d) must
10- What ……..…. you do if oil catches fire? - I must put a lid on the pan.
a) does b) mustn't c) can't d) must
11- You ……..…. walk on the grass in the park.
a) could b) mustn't c) can d) must
12- You ……..…. be late for school.
a) can b) mustn't c) can't d) must
13. Salwa.......................... take a taxi. She is very late.
a. can b. must c. can't d. mustn't
14. Where .... Wael put his bag ? - In his room.
a. is b.do c.must d.was
15. We.................... talk when the teacher is talking.
a. must b. mustn't c. can d. should
16. You mustn't..................... the cooker on all night.
a. leave b. leaving c.left d. leaves
17. Children................ go to school every day.
a.can b.must c.can't d. mustn't
18-.Pupils shouldn't...........noisy in the classroom.
a- be b-are c-were d-been
19. You ………look right and left before you cross the road.
a. should to b. must c. mustn't d. can't
20-It's dangerous to take this medicine. you............take it.
a- shouldn't to b- must c-can't d-mustn't
21-You …………….. play games in the road.
a- must b– mustn't c– can d– should
22-When you cross a road, first you …………. find a safe place to cross.
a- must b– mustn't c– can't d– shouldn't
23- You ……………. follow traffic rules.
a- must b– mustn't c– can d– shouldn't
24- you ………….. forget why you are doing the activity.
a shouldn't b must c should d don't
25- you ……………………… listen to other students' ideas.
a. should to b. must c. mustn't d. can't

26- you …………………. share your ideas with others.

a can't **b mustn't** **c should** **d shouldn't**

27- you ……………… make all the decisions or rules yourself.

a shouldn't **b must** **c should** **d can**

28-you………………take water when you go to the desert.

a. have to **b. must** **c. mustn't** **d. shouldn't**

29- you ……………………….. be angry with people you don't agree with.

a shouldn't **b must** **c should** **d can**

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1. We **mustn't** be on time for our lessons.
2. We must not **eating** during lessons.
3. I **must** eat much chocolate. It's bad for me.
4. You **must** touch a hot pan.
5. You **must not** stop smoking.
6. You **shall** eat fruit and vegetables.
7. You **won't** talk in the library.
8. You are tired , you should **went** to bed

9-You **should to** clean your teeth in the morning.

10.Laila feels ill. She should **sees** a doctor.

11.You **should** eat too much chocolate.

12.Ali should not **to talk** in the Maths lesson.

13- Water is very important. We **should** waste it.

14- You shouldn't **to eat** too many sweets.

15- You **must eat not** in the changing room.

16. You **mustn't** look after your health.

17- you shouldn't **drank** lots of water after you do sports.

18-you **should** study while you are in bed.

19– He **should** feel nervous before an exam.

20. People **must** throw rubbish in the street.

21 People **can** smoke in hospitals.

22-You should **studying** for the test.

23-You **must** park here. it's not allowed

Test on Unit: 11

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. Where is Sara?

a. in a place with trees **b. in a place with books**
c. in a place with cakes **b. in a place with computers**

2. Can Sara see any monkeys?

a. Yes, she can **b. No she can't** **c. There are many** **d. There are few**

3. Where can we see trees?

a. forest **b. sky** **c. sea** **d. attic**

4. Why can't Sara see any monkeys?

a. it is dark **b. it is hot** **c. it is day** **d. it is a holiday**

2-Finish the following dialogue :

Mazen : For this experiment, we have a balloon. What do we do (1) ……….….. ?
Eslam :(2) ………………., fill the balloon with air.
Mazen : OK, the balloon has air in it now. What do we do (3) ………………….. ?
Eslam : Next, move the balloon (4) ………………. your hair.
Mazen : What's the final part of the experiment?
Eslam : (5) ………….….. , put the balloon on a wall. What happens?
Mazen : The balloon stays on the wall!

3- Read the following passage then answer the questions:

A week ago, my uncle was at a wedding with his children Sally, Heba and Hany. There was a band. Sally and Heba were clapping while a man was singing. Hany was listening to music.

A lot of people came to the wedding. They brought presents and sweets with them. My uncle himself brought a camera to take photographs. When they went home, his children said "It is a happy day".

A- Answer the following questions:

1- How many children has your uncle got?
2- Who was listening to music?
3- When did they go to the wedding?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

4 - My uncle brought.....................

a) a camera **b) a band** **c) a present** **d) a toy**

5- My uncle's children were ....

a) angry **b) happy** **c) unhappy** **d) sad**

6- A camera is used to ……………. photos

a) make **b) take** **c) have** **d) get**

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Metals …………….. in water when we throw them into water.

a) float b) sink c) think d) swim

2-The …………….. is too dangerous as it can eat people..

a) jellyfish b) fish c) shark d) turtle

3- If you put wood in water, it …………….. .

a) float b) floats c) floating d) floated

4-When I am tired , I usually …………….. to bed .

a) went b) will go c) going d) go

5- If you put wood in water, it …………….. .

a) float b) floats c) floating d) floated

6-We should …………….. old things to save our environment

a) recycle b) cycle c) throw d) get rid

7-The …………….. use fishing lines to catch fish.

a) fishermen b) doctors c) scientists d) nurses

8- What do you do …………….. you are hot? - I drink cold water.

a) which b) what c) where d) when

9. We ………….. eat lots of fish. It is good for you.

a. shouldn't b. don't c. haven't d. should

10.You …………….. eat too much cake. It has too much sugar in it.

a. shouldn't b. should c. have d. must

4. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- If you peel the orange , does it **floats** in water?

2- Water becomes ice **where** it is cooled.

3- If you put metal in water, it **sank** .

4- We **shouldn't** help our elders .

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

" Recycling "

……………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………………

Unit 12: My future

(1)New Vocabulary:

engine	محرك	is called	يسمي
business	عمل	building	مبني
businesswoman	سيدة أعمال	biology	بيولوجي
businessman	رجل أعمال	biologist	عالم
architect	مهندس	marine	بحري
meeting	اجتماعي	laboratory	معمل
machine	ألة	research	بحث
writer	كاتب	results	نتائج
programmer	مبرمج	collect	يجمع
photographer	مصور	record	يسجل
accountant	محاسب	especially	خصوصاً
dentist	طبيب أسنان	volunteer	متطوع
scientist	عالم	Thailand	تايلاند
pilot	طيار	Red Sea	بحر احمر
find out	يكتشف	apartment	شقة
look after	يعتني بـ	office	مكتب
really	حقاً	prediction	تنبؤ
dream	حلم	a cure	علاج
education	تعليم	app	تطبيق
pottery	فخار	disappear	يختفي
tradition	تقاليد	illness	مرض
traditional	تقليدي	change	يغير
earn	يكسب	engineer	مهندس
culture	ثقافة	continue	يستمر
workshop	ورشة	test	اختبار
colourful	ملون	sick	مريض
jewellery	مجوهرات	sickness	مرض
social	اجتماعي	exciting	مثير
media	اعلام	happen	يحدث
adults	الكبار	stay	يقيم
prefer	يفضل	laugh	يضحك

(2)Definitions:

a dentist	is a person who looks after people's teeth.
businessman	works in an office and goes to meetings
businesswoman	is a woman who works in an office and goes to meetings.
an architect	designs buildings
photographer	takes photos
a doctor	is a person who helps sick people.
an engineer	is a person who designs machines or engines.
an accountant	is a person who works with numbers.
earn	get money by working
jewellery	things such as rings and necklaces that you wear
adult	a fully grown person
workshop	a room or small building where people make or repair things
skill	an ability to do something well
culture	the art, ideas, beliefs, etc. of a group of people
pottery	pots, dishes, etc. made from clay

(3) Reading Text

Amir's uncle

My uncle has got a very interesting job. He's an engineer. An engineer is a person who designs machines and engines. My uncle designs engines for planes. I'd like to be an engineer one day! My aunt is a businesswoman. That's an interesting job, too. A businesswoman and a businessman are people who work in an office and go to meetings.

My dream job

This week, we interviewed Nesma El-Soory, a marine biologist.

1- A marine biologist is a person who studies the ocean and the plants and animals in it.

2- I'm good at science and I love the ocean. The animals in our oceans are really beautiful and interesting.

3- In my job, every day is different On some days, I go diving around coral reefs. On other days, I test water from the ocean in the laboratory. I also spend a lot of time on the computer, writing the results of tests.

4- My research helps to protect the plants and animals in the ocean. That's the best thing. It's really important to look after our planet, isn't it?

5- There are bad things about every job, aren't there? Sometimes the weather is terrible. It isn't nice to go out in a boat for a dive when there's a storm!

Munir's plans

I don't know which job I want to do when I'm older,but I think that education is very important. I hope that I pass my exams so that I can go to university.I'm going to work hard.If I go to university,I'll study maths.It's my best subject.
I don't like flying, so I don't want to travel around the world.I want to get a good job in Egypt.I want to teach maths.If I have enough money,I'll buy an apartment near the Red Sea.I'll get married, but how many children will I have? I don't know!

Traditional jobs in Africa

Today, many people in Africa work in modern offices, but traditional jobs and skills are still important.
1- People started making pottery thousands of years ago in Egypt. Some people make pottery in workshops or their own homes. If you go to Fayoum, you will see many people making pottery. There is also a school where children and adults can learn this skill.
2- It is traditional to make jewellery in Kenya.You can see the colourful jewellery in markets all over the country. Today, some local businesses also use social media and the internet to sell jewellery to people in different countries. It is an important skill
because it continues an old tradition and it helps local people to earn money.
3- It is an important part of Africa's culture to make baskets. It is also a way for women from small African villages to earn money. In Ghana, there are a lot of women who make and sell baskets. You can buy colourful baskets from Ghana in countries all over the world.

Ahmed's text

My predictions for the future
By Ahmed.
In the next 30 years, there will be a lot of changes in our lives.
Technology will mate our lives easier and more interesting. Our phones -will be even more important and we will have apps for everything.
Scientists will find new cures for illnesses so people will live longer. Some illnesses will disappear completely.
All our cars will be electric. If this happens, it will be much better for the air in our cities, won't it? I don't think I will have to learn to drive because cars will drive themselves.
There will be a lot of interesting new jobs for people. Robots will do some of the jobs that people do today.But I don't think we will have robot doctors or teachers.
I think there will be a lot of exciting changes in the future, but some things will stay the same. Children will still go to school, learn new things and spend time with friends.

(4)Language Notes:

1- Who

تحل محل فاعل أو مفعول عاقل مفرد أو جمع في الجملة الثانية ويأتي بعدها فعل وتوضع بعد الاسم الذي تصفه

The doctor who cured your brother is my son.

2-Which

تحل (which) محل الفاعل أو المفعول الغير عاقل وتوضع بعد الاسم الذي تصفه ونحذف.(They- it) أو غير العاقل.

The office which (that) he works in is far from his house.

3- spend + مفعول+ v-ing

Aya spent the morning reading a story.

4- teach + how to + المصدر

He taught me how to answer exams.

5- architect	**engineer**
6- cure	**care**
7- look for	**look after**
look at	**look up**

8- like / prefer + v-ing / noun

I like reading short stories

9- would + like / prefer + to + المصدر

I would like to read a short story.

Exercises on vocabulary

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- I didn't like the book. I thought it was…………….

a) terrible b) laboratory c) biologist d) result

2- Mariam got the…………….of her test. She did very well!

a) terrible b) laboratory c) biologist d) result

3- I love learning about sea life. I want to be a …………….

a) teacher b) doctor c) biologist d) nurse

4- A/An……………. (for example, the Atlantic) is bigger than a sea.

a) ocean b) laboratory c) biologist d) result

5- The scientist did lots of tests in the …………….

a) terrible b) laboratory c) biologist d) result

6- You need a lot of …………….to make a beautiful basket.

a) skull b) skeleton c) earn d) skills

7- The shop had a lot of cups, plates and other …………….

a) pottery b) adult c) earn d) skills

8- You can see people making baskets in the…………….down the road.

a) workshop b) cheap c) sheep d) works

9- My cousin is an…………….now. She was 18 last week!

a) child b) adult c) kid d) infant

10- A doctor can usually…………….a lot of money.

a) workshop b) adult c) earn d) skills

11- Tourists learn a lot about ancient Egyptian…………….when they visit Egypt.

a) culture b) adult c) earn d) skills

12- My father bought this…………….for my mother when they got married.

a) jewellery b) adult c) earn d) skills

13- Something on your phone that helps you use maps, book tickets, etc is …………….

a) pull b) app c) apply d) bull

14- ……………. is when you draw something that you plan to build or make.

a) design b) eat c) enjoy d) drink

15- The area that is outside a town or a city is…………….

a) countryside b) town c) city d) village

16 –……….. time do you have maths on Monday ?

a) What b) Where c) When d) Who

17 – The mechanic works in a ………………

a) hospital b) garage c) school d) bank

18 – The ………… works in the hospital.

a) scientist b) doctor c) teacher d) officer

19 – The architect …………buildings.

a) designs b) writes c) plays d) visits

20- The doctor helps ………… people.

a) sick b) lazy c) naughty d) big

21-I want to ………….. an engineer.

a) am b) is c) are d) be

22-Ahmed's father is ……………..Hesham.

a) call b) calling c) called d)calls

23-The scientist works in a ………………….

a) workshop b) lab c) bank d) garage

24- A …..…………… works in a laboratory.

a) scientist b) mechanic c) tour guide d) doctor

25-The dentist looks …………………. people's teeth.

a) for b) after c) forward d) up

26- A businesswoman works in …………………. office.

a) no article b) a c) an d) much

27- An …………………. works in a bank.

a) account b) accountant c) engineer d) nurse

28- An …………………. designs buildings.

a) architect b) accountant c) engineer d) nurse

29-We will have a ………………… tomorrow to discuss our problems .

a) meeting b) article c) class d) car

30-The …………………. flies planes .

a) driver b) motorist c) pilot d) doctor

31-There is something wrong with the …………………. of my car .

a) engineer **b) begin** **c) engine** **d) gain**

32-My brother is a marine ………………….

a) biology **b) biologist** **c) ecologist** **d) geology**

33-The Pacific is the biggest …………………. in the world.

a) lake **b) river** **c) ocean** **d) canal**

34- I spent the night …………………. my lessons .

a) studying **b) studied** **c) to study** **d) study**

35-Mothers …………………. after their babies .

a) take **b) look** **c) book** **d) have**

36-Can you teach me how …………………. pasta ?

a) to cook **b) cooking** **c) cook** **d) cooks**

37-This pot is made of ………………….

a) potters **b) pottery** **c) pots** **d) plot**

38-Women are fond of wearing nice …………………..

a) jewellery **b) jam** **c) junk** **d) jugs**

39-I like smelling …………………. flowers.

a) colouring **b) colourful** **c) colour** **d) crowd**

40- Villagers prefer making …………………. baskets.

a) traditional **b) tradition** **c) tension** **d) trade**

41-…………………. will make our life easier .

a) Technology **b) Rubbish** **c) Technical** **d) Trash**

42- I have hot a good …………………. on my mobile screen.

a) app **b) ape** **c) tap** **d) lab**

43-This medicine will make your illness …………………. completely.

a) appeared **b) repair** **c) disappear** **d) fair**

44-In the future , doctors will find a …………………. for cancer.

a) ill **b) care** **c) cure** **d) car**

45-My …………………. is that we will live on other planets.

a) prediction **b) predictable** **c) product** **d) predict**

46- Mr. Hamed has a son ....is a doctor.

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

47- What's the name of the book...........you are reading?

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

48- The people........... live next door are very friendly.

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

49-Tennis is a game........... many people enjoy.

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

50- Hamdi is the boy ....can swim really fast.

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

51- This is a bird ....lives in the desert.

a- who **b- what** **c- where** **d- that**

52. Mr Mohamed Abd Ellah is the teacher ………………….. teaches us English .

a. where **b. which** **c. who** **d. why**

(5) Language functions:

Where does the scientist work?	أين يعمل العالم ؟	He works in a lab.
What does the scientist do?	ماذا يفعل العالم؟	He studies science.
Where does the farmer work?	أين يعمل الفلاح؟	He works in the field.
What does the farmer do?	ماذا يعمل الفلاح؟	He keeps animals and grows crops.
What does the architect do?	ماذا يعمل المهندس	He designs buildings.
Where does a doctor work?	أين يعمل الطبيب؟	He works in the hospital.
What does a doctor do?	ماذا يعمل الطبيب؟	He examines patients.
Where does the sailor work?	أين يعمل البحار؟	He works on a ship.
What does the pilot do?	ماذا يفعل الطيار؟	He flies a plane.
Where does the accountant work?	أين يعمل المحاسب؟	He works in an office.
What does the accountant	ماذا يفعل المحاسب؟	He works with money.
What does the writer do?	ماذا يفعل الكاتب	He writes books.
What does the photographer do?	أين يعمل المصور؟	He takes photos.
What's your father's job?	ما وظيفة والدك؟	He is a farmer.
What does the dentist do?	ماذا يفعل طبيب الاسنان؟	He looks after people's teeth.
What does the teacher do?	ماذا يفعل المعلم؟	He teaches students.
Where does the teacher work?	أين يعمل المعلم ؟	He works in a school.
What does the programmer do?	ماذا يفعل المبرمج؟	He tells a computer what to do.
Where does the businessman work?	أين يعمل رجل الاعمال؟	He works in an office.
What does the businessman do?	ماذا يعمل رجل الاعمال؟	He tells a computer what to do.

Exercises on functions

1-Finish the following dialogue:

Ahmed: What…………. your brother's job?
Amr : He is a mechanic.
Ahmed:………………does he work?
Amr: He works in a ……………….
Ahmed: What does he ………………..?
Amr :He ……………….cars.

A : What's your father's ……………..?
B : My father's called Ali.
A : What's his ………………….?
B : He is …………………. .
A : ……………………does he work ?
B : He ………………….. in the hospital.

Noura : What does your grandfather (1)……………………………..?
Amr : He is a farmer.
Noura : Where does he (2)………………………?
Amr: He works on a (3)……………………………..?
Noura : What is he growing now?
Amr: He is growing (4)……………………………..?
Noura : Does he (5)…………………………….. his work?
Amr: Yes, he likes his work very much.

Nada: what's your father's ..(1. ………… …?
Hoda : He is a …….(2..……………
Nada: Where does he ….(3……………….?
Hoda : At preparatory (4……………………… .
Nada: What does he (5…. ……………………?
Hoda: Maths.

(6) Grammar:

Question tag السؤال المذيل

- السؤال المذيل عبارة عن سؤال قصير يضاف فى نهاية الجملة لزيادة التأكيد و معناه "أليس كذلك".
- يتكون السؤال المذيل من فعل مساعد أو فعل ناقص و ضمير فاعل.
- فى حالة عدم وجود فعل مساعد أو فعل ناقص نستخدم do / does / did حسب الزمن.
- إذا كانت الجملة مثبتة يكون السؤال المذيل منفى و العكس.

1 - يستخدم السؤال المزيل في نهاية الجملة ومعناه أليس كذلك ؟ ويتكون كالآتي :

? ضمير + فعل مساعد منفي , ------------------ جملة مثبتة

? ضمير + فعل مساعد ,------------------ جملة منفية

She is cooking lunch, isn't she?
They aren't sleeping, are they?
She has got a mobile, hasn't she?
He can't read French, can he?

2 – اذا لم نجد فعل مساعد في الجملة نستخدم (don't/doesn't/didn't) حسب زمن الفعل :

Ayman plays well, doesn't he?
Hala visited her friend, didn't she?
The watch TV, don't they?

3 – لاحظ الآتي :

He has a book, doesn't he?
They have a car, don't they?
She had an accident, didn't she?

4 – عند الاجابة على السؤال المزيل تكون الاجابة كالاتي :

He will read a book, won't he? – yes, he will.

They can't help you, can they? – No, they can't.

5 – اذا جاء الفاعل (everyone/everybody/No one/Nobody/someone/Somebody)
يكون الضمير هو (they) :

No one failed the test, did they?
Everybody arrives early, don't they?

6 – اذا جاء الفاعل (Everything/Nothing/This/that) يكون الضمير (it)

Everything is done, isn't it?
That is good, isn't it?

7 – اذا كان الفاعل (These/those) يكون الضمير (they) :

These/Those are funny, aren't they?

8 – الكلمات التالية تدل على ان الجملة منفية لذا يكون السؤال مثبت :

(never/scarcely/rarely/hardly/seldom)
He never watches films, does he?

Examples:

1- **You're** from Cairo, **aren't you**?
2- He **isn't** from Turkey, **is** he?
3- You **woke** up early, **didn't** you?
4- We **aren't** going to agree, **are** we?
5- **It’s** hot today, **isn’t it**?
6- Magi **speaks** English well, **doesn’t** she?
7- Dalia **has** typed the letters, **hasn’t** she?
8- Tom won’t be late, will he?
9- It’**s** stopped raining, **hasn’t** it?
10- I **shall** visit you, **shan’t** I?
11- Martina **doesn’t** speak Latin, **does** she?

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We have much sleep…………………...we?

a. shall **b. haven't** **c. don't** **d. aren't**

2. Young children sleep for about 13 hours a night, …………………..?

a. are they **b. were they** **c. do they** **d. don't they**

3. You aren't watching this TV programme,................................ ?

a. are you **b. you are** **c. were you** **d. you were**

4- You like science , …………………..?

a) don't you b) do you c) you don't d) you do

5- English is a very interesting subject, …………………...?

a) it is b) it isn't c) is it d) isn't it

6- He lives in Cairo, …………………...?

a) is he b) isn't he c) doesn't he d) he doesn't

7-They can't answer this question, …………………...?

a) can they b) they can c) can't they d) they can't

8. It's a beautiful picture ,……………………………?

a. has it b. hasn't it c. isn't it d. is it

9. We should always eat healthy meals, ……………………………?

a. shouldn't we . b. shouldn't you c. should you d. should we

10. You .... in Egypt, don't you ?

a. live b. lives c. lived d. living

11. Ashraf doesn't play football ,……………………………?

a. doesn't he b. does he c. is he d. isn't he

12. AH can't speak English,. …………………………… he ?

a.Would b.will c.can d. should

13- Too many sweets , cakes and biscuits aren't healthy , ………..… they?

a) aren't b) are c) don't d) doesn't

14- We should always eat healthy meals, ………..… we?

a) can't b) can c) shouldn't d) should

15- Exercise can help us do better at school, ………..… it?

a) are b) do c) can't d) can

16- The food groups we should eat are good for us, ………..… they?

a) isn't b) are not c) shouldn't d) aren't

17- Today the weather isn't hot , ………..…?

a) it is b) is it c) it's d) its

18- We ………..… go shopping now, can't we?

a) can't b) can c) couldn't d) could

19- They have a villa, ………..… they ?

a) haven't b) have c) don't d) have not

20- He plays football every day, ………..… he?

a) don't b) isn't c) don't d) doesn't

21- Nobody lives in this house, ..…? .

a) do they b) doesn't he c) don't they d) does he

22- That's not the right answer, …………..... it?

a) is b) isn't c) do d) don't

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- You are watching this programme, **are** you?

2. They aren't tall trees, **aren't** they ?

3. We need exercise, sleep and healthy food, **didn't** we?

4- My little sister never drinks milk, **doesn't** she?

5- You don't like tea, **don't you**?

6- He has his lunch at two, **hasn't** he?

7- That's the man **which** bought our old car.

8- Tennis is a game **who** many people enjoy.

9. A good friend is someone **which** works hard.

10. English is the subject **who** I like very much.

11- Cairo is the city **who** is crowded.

12- That's the man **which** bought our old car

13- Sara wants to be a marine biologist, **isn't** she?

14- You did your homework last night, **did** you?

15- Nasser will write to me when he gets there, **will** he?

16- There weren't many people at the match, **were** it?

The first conditional الحالة الأولى

1- Form:

If + مضارع بسيط → + will / shall + inf.

- If I see him tomorrow, I will tell him the news.

2- Usage:

تعبر الحالة الأولى عن أحداث محتملة فى المستقبل.

- If I find his phone number, I'll ring him.

3- Question:

What will happen if +	**مضارع بسيط ?**
اداه الاستفهام+ will +فاعل+مصدر الفعل	**+if+مضارع بسيط ?**

- What will you do if you win a lot of money?

4- Yes / No Questions:

Will +فاعل+ مصدر الفعل + if+ مضارع بسيط ?

- Will you succeed if you study hard?
- If you study hard, Will you succeed?

Yes, I will

No, I won't.

Exercises on Grammar

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- If I …………..…. the computer for ten minutes, it turns itself off.

a) doesn't use b) don't use c) didn't use d) won't use

2- If he …………..…. early , he won't be late for school .

a) get up b) will get up c) getting up d) gets up

3- You will catch the bus …………..…. you hurry .

a) unless b) if c) because d) and

4- If you eat enough for breakfast, you …………..…. very hungry before lunchtime.

a) won't be b) will c) will be d) would be

5- …………..…. my cousin does well in his exams, he will go to university.

a) Unless b) If c) To d) And

6- If we …………..…. Paris, we will see the Eiffel Tower.

a) visited b) visiting c) visit d) will visit

7- If you stay in bed, you……………. soon feel better.

a. would b.will c. could d. won't

8. If my cousin................... well in his exams, he will go to university

a. do b. did c. does d. doing

9.What.................. you do if it's very hot this weekend ?

a. would b.will c. could d. wouldn 't

10- If you peel an apple, it will ……………………….. yellow.

a. become b. becomes c. became d. becoming

1- If we………………to England, we will speak English every day.

a went b will go c go d going

2- If you………… your hands before you eat, you will get ill.

a don't wash b wash c not wash d didn't wash

3-If you eat too many sweets, you………….bad teeth.

a-have b-won't have c-will have d-would have

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

1- If you don't eat, you **be** hungry.

2- I'**m** phone you when I arrive.

3- If you **will sleep** now , you won't be tired tomorrow.

4- If you **aren't** careful, you won't get dirty .

5- Doaa **not** go to work if she feels ill tomorrow.

6- Tarek will be cold if he **will go** out without his jacket.

7-If I visit my grandparents, I **take** them a present.

8- If dad **get** a new job , we'll move to Cairo.

9- The team will win the match if they **having** their best players.

10-The teacher will not be happy if you **not** do your homework.

11- If it **rained** , I'll stay at home.

12-If I **am not** work hard, I won't pass my exams.

Test on Unit: 12

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

1. What does Doaa Elghobashy play?

a. handball **b. football** **c. basketball** **d. volleyball**

2. Which country does she play for?

a. France **b. Italy** **c. Egypt** **d. England**

3. How can she jump?

a. very tall **b. very high** **c. very big** **d. very short**

4. What does she always have on her face?

a. smell **b. small** **c. smile** **d. sell**

2- Complete the following dialogue :

Emad : What is your father, Adham?
Adham : He is a (1) ....…………..……......
Emad : (2)................. ……………..... does he work?
Adham : He works in (3)… ……………......……......
Emad :What (4) ……………....…………....he do?
Adham : He teaches(5) ……………. to students.

3- Read the following passage then answer the questions.

Sham El-Nessim is my favourite time of the year. We enjoy it at the start of spring. Sham El-Nessim started in 2700 BCE! Today, most Egyptians have a picnic in a garden or next to the river with their families. Many people also go to the beach, where they make sandcastles and swim in the sea. On this day, we eat a lot of special food. Do you want to know how to enjoy feseekh? Add lemon juice to the fish and have it with salad. It's delicious, but you should buy **it** from a good shop and you shouldn't eat much.

Last year at Sham El-Nessim, we went to Alexandria. We visited our family and went to the beach. We rode our bikes and played games.

A. Answer the following questions

1. What is your favourite time of the year?
2. Where did you spend your last Sham El-Nessim?
3. Which season is Sham El-Nessim in?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. The underlined word "**It**" refers to………………………..

a. river **b. meat** **c. Sham El-Nessim** **d. feseekh**

5. Feseekh is a kind of…………………………

a. meat **b. castle** **c. program** **d. fish**

6. They spent Last Sham El-Nessim in……………………………

a. Cairo **b. Luxor** **c. Aswan** **d. Alexandria**

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1- …………….. can help us do hard work

a- Radio **b- Car** **c- Guitar** **d- Robots**

2- The …………….. is quiet and has fresh air.

a- countryside **b- city** **c- town** **d- capital**

3- The doctor who ……………. your brother is my son.

a- who **b- which** **c- where** **d- what**

4- Amr has a car , ……………..he?

a- hasn't **b- doesn't** **c- isn't** **d- don't**

5- Ahmed read the story carefully, ………………….?

a) didn't he **b) isn't he** **c) hasn't he** **d) doesn't she**

6- You…………………. better English if you practise every day.

a-speaks **b-will speak** **c-speaking** **d-speak**

7- We won't go to university if we…………pass our exams

a-doesn't **b-won't** **c-don't** **d-shouldn't**

8- My uncle has got a very interesting…………. He's an engineer

a- job **b-meal** **c-pen** **d-mobile**

9- An ……………….is a person who designs machines and engines

a- businesswoman **b- engineer** **c-speaking** **d-speak**

10- A ……………is a person who works in an office.

a- teacher **b-nurse** **c- businesswoman** **d-doctor**

5) Read and correct the underlined words:

1- If you get up early , you **won't** catch the bus.

2- Aya **has** a lovely voice , hasn't she?

3- I am doing my best , **am** I?

4- If you **didn't** concentrate , you will fail.

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

(Modern Technology)

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

………………………………………………………………………………………………

End of trem practice

<u>1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.</u>

1- What does the woman want to buy?

a a newspaper b a new bag c a new phone d some photographs

2- The thing she decides to buy is...

a large and expensive. b small and expensive,
c small and cheap. d large and cheap.

3- What does the assistant ask the woman about?

a her name b her job c her hobbies d the price

4- The woman is a..

a photographer. b painter. c journalist. d doctor.

<u>2- Complete the following dialogue.</u>

Tarek: You're going to go to university in September, aren't you?
AM: Yes, but ………………. go to university, I want to improve my English.
Tarek: How are you going to do that?
AM: 2…………………., I'm going to travel to England in the summer holidays. Then, I'm going to a language school.
Tarek: Why don't you go to the USA to learn English? In my 3………………, American English is easier.
AM: I'm not…………………. It's expensive to go there. I'd rather go to London.
Tarek: You went there before, didn't you? How was it there?
AM: It was 5………………..It was really interesting.

<u>3- Read the following.Then answer the questions.</u>

There are many beautiful mosques, but perhaps the most unusual is the Great Mosque in Mali, Africa. It is not made of bricks like most mosques.It is made of something called mud.This is the brown soil you often find at the bottom of a river.It is very soft in water. If you dry it, it becomes very hard. The building is usually very strong, but there is a problem. People must put new mud on the building every year. If they don't, it will collapse when it rains! There are always enough people to do this because the people who help get respect for their work.

A) Answer the following questions:

1- What is the main idea of the passage?
2- Do you think we should keep ancient buildings? Why? Why not?
3- What is unusual about the Great Mosque in Mali?

<u>B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.</u>

4- A When it is dry, mud becomes ………………

a soft. b hard and strong, c difficult to use. d very old.

5- What do you think the word collapse means?

a fall down b get bigger c disappear d turn to water

6- The underlined word **it** refers to …………………
a mud b Africa c Mali d The Great Mosque in Mali

4- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

1- Most windows are made of ……………..
a wool b glass c cotton d paper
2- You can usually……………..paper, so don't throw it away.
a recycle b cycle c heat d hit
3- We are going to go……………..across Sinai.
a trekking b tricking c fishing d swimming
4- We decided to play basketball at the sports ……………..
a match b wheel c funfair d centre
5- The teacher asked the students to works in pairs and……………..a quiz.
a throw b do c make d let
6- The storv is interesting, ……………..it?
a does b doesn't c isn't d is
7- I hope we……………..to the moon in the future.
a will go b are going to go c went d going
8- The old car is……………..than the new car.
a noise b more noise c noisier d noisiest
9- Children usually enjoy……………..when they play on the beach.
a themselves b herself c ourselves d himself
10- Khalid went to the park ten minutes ……………..
a since b then c ago d next

5- Read and correct the underlined words.

1- If I feel tired, I usually **will go** to bed.
2- My uncle is a **seller**; he works on a big ship.
3- A doctor is someone **which** looks after sick people.
4- Which animals have a **shall** or a tail?

6- Write a paragraph of seventy-eighty (70-80) words on:

How to keep a beach clean .

……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………